

GEODESY FORUM



Introductory remarks
Ambassador Andreas Løvold
Permanent Mission, Norway

United Nations Global Geodetic Centre of Excellence and United Nations Global Geospatial Information Management Subcommittee on Geodesy

The compass is set; the map is being drawn; then the journey

Mr Nicholas Brown
Head of Office, UN-GGCE

Panel Discussion

Mr Paula Cirikiyasawa

Permanent Secretary Dept. Lands & Mineral Resources (Fiji)

Mr Ahmed AlQahtani
UN Second Committee (Kingdom of Saudi Arabia)

Ms Ingrid Vanden Berghe
Administrateur-General NGI (Belgium)

Ms Laila Løvhøiden Special Adviser Kartverket (Norway)

Mr Paul Becker
President BKG (Germany)

Mr Nicolas Paparoditis
Deputy Director IGN (France)



UNITED NATIONS GLOBAL GEODETIC CENTRE OF EXCELLENCE

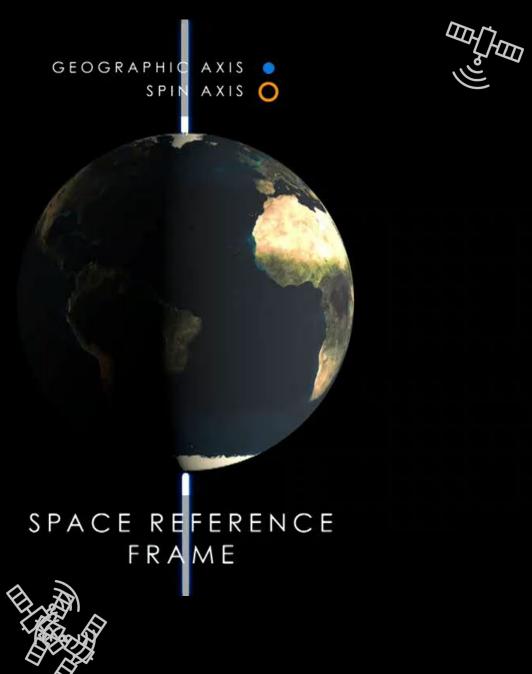
Celebrating 10 years of the GGRF Resolution

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Nicholas Brown Head of Office, UN-GGCE







Operating Critical Infrastructure

"15 of 18 critical infrastructure and key resources sectors relied on the Global Positioning System (GPS) including telecommunications, emergency services and financial exchanges."

~ U.S. Department of Homeland Security





Driving Economic Growth

"Over the next decade, revenue from GNSS, Earth Observation and satellite telecommunications (80% of the space industry market revenue) has growth rate of ~9%"

~ EUSPA Market Report and Euroconsult





UN General Assembly Resolution (2015)



UN General Assembly resolution (2015) "A global geodetic reference frame for sustainable development"



UN General Assembly Resolution (2015)

The resolution called on Member States to:

- enhance global cooperation in providing technical assistance, especially for capacity development in geodesy for developing countries
- implement open sharing of geodetic data, standards and conventions,
- commit to improving and maintaining appropriate national geodetic infrastructure
- engage in multilateral cooperation that addresses infrastructure gaps
- develop outreach programmes that make geodesy more visible and understandable to society.



Focus of the UN-GGCE

EVIDENCE

AWARENESS

CAPACITY

GOVERNANCE



Governance

Geodesy doesn't have a strong international body with policy making capability.

1. Multilateral Memorandum of Understanding [led by UN-GGCE]

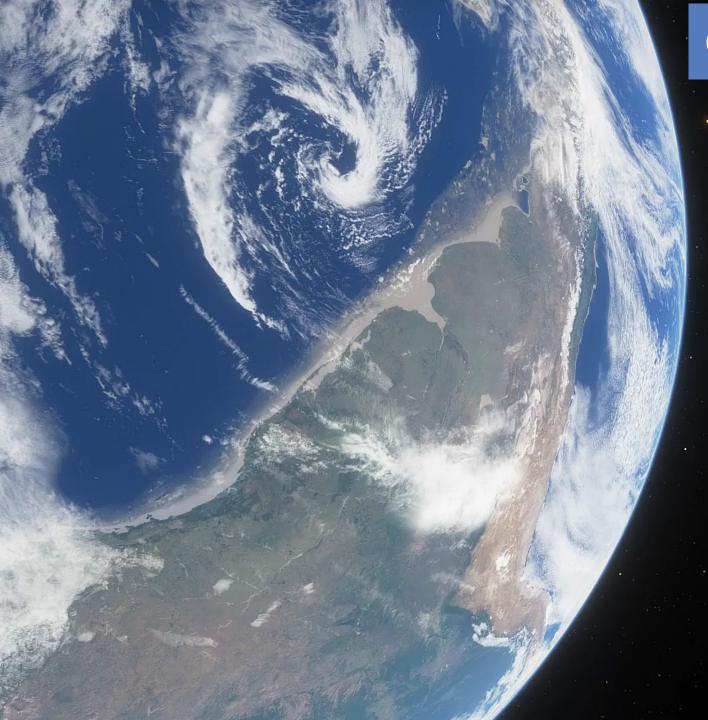
- Government agencies / departments, organizations, associations, private sector
- Non-binding
- Operational on 10 March 2025
- 44 participants so far

2. Bilaterial / Regional Agreements

3. Intergovernmental Organization

 UN-GGCE is developing an Options Paper to outline how Member States could strengthen governance arrangements





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Capacity Development

- Member States identified a need for more tailored geodetic assistance which is specific to
 Member States capacity, capability and requirements.
- Build geodetic capacity across Member States with a particular focus on Least Developed Countries (LDCs) and Small Island Developing States (SIDS).
- 5 Capacity Development workshops
 - Europe | 17-21 February 2025 (Bonn, Germany)
 - Africa | 19-23 May 2025 (Nairobi, Kenya)
 - Asia-Pacific | 30 June-4 July 2025 (Bangkok, Thailand)
 - Americas | 3-7 November 2025 (Santiago, Chile)
 - Arab States | TBA 2025 (Riyadh, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia)





Partners (30 and growing)



































FRZNTIER 5











**** Royal Observatory
of Belgium







Federal Office of Metrology and Surveying

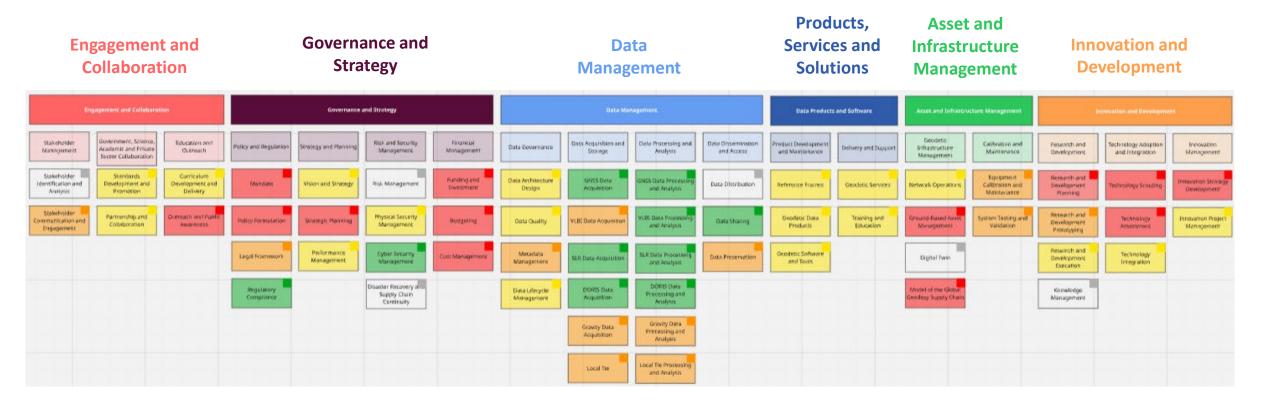








Maturity Assessment (Draft)







What Member States need?

- A 'fit for purpose' global geodesy supply chain
 - Ensure satellites don't degrade or fail which would threaten critical infrastructure and economic development
- Define and detail what a 'fit for purpose' global geodesy supply chain look like?
 - Review the current supply chain
 - Determine work to be done to make it 'fit for purpose'

