

Geospatial innovations in agriculture: mapping and monitoring crop yield and nutritional quality to address malnutrition challenges

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Global burden of malnutrition





733.4 million undernourished people (9.1%)

881 million adults are obese (15.8%)

148 million children under five years of age are stunted (22.3%)

45 million children under five years of age are wasted (6.8%)

37 million children under five years of age are overweight (5.6 %)

Global challenge of climate change

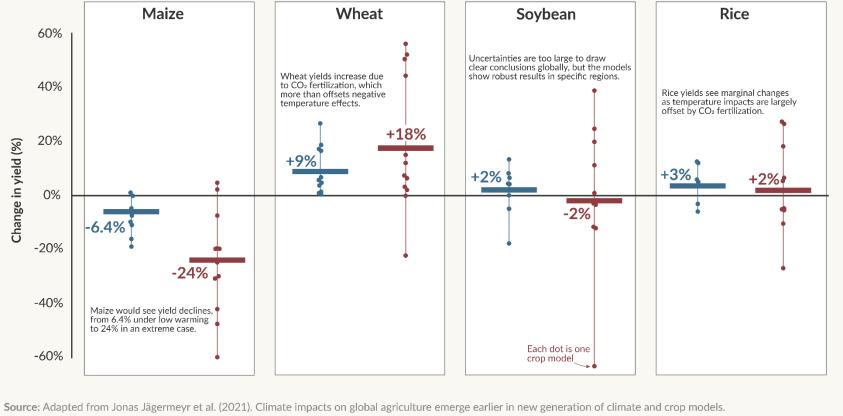


How could climate change affect global crop yields?



The modeled impact of climate change on global crop yields in two scenarios:

RCP2.6 — in blue — a low warming scenario, and RCP8.5 — an extreme (and unrealistic) scenario in red. Our current emissions pathway is between these two scenarios. Temperature and carbon fertilization effects are included. Each dot is one individual crop model; the thick solid line is the mean across the 12 crop models.



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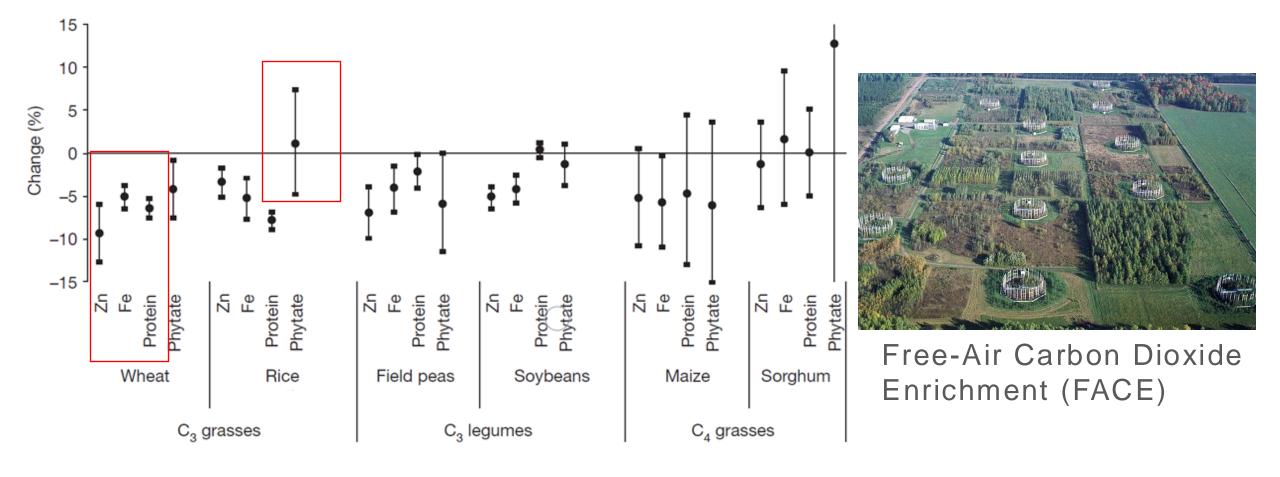
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Jägermeyr, J., Müller, C., Ruane, A.C., Elliott, J., Balkovic, J., Castillo, O., Faye, B., ..., Rosenzweig, C., 2021. Climate impacts on global agriculture emerge earlier in new generation of climate and crop models. Nature Food 2, 873-885.

Increasing CO2 threatens human nutrition



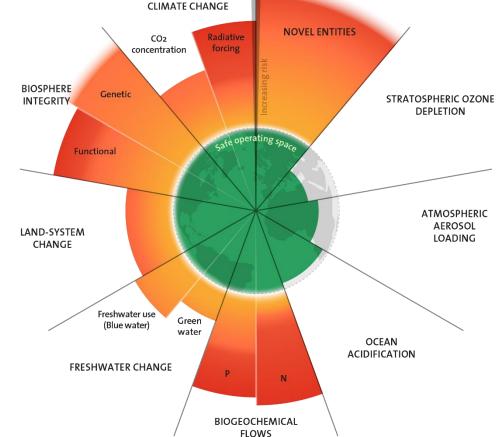
Percentage change in nutrients at elevated CO2 (= 546–586 p.p.m) relative to the ambient CO2



Myers, S., Zanobetti, A., etc, 2014. Increasing CO2 threatens human nutrition. Nature, 510, 139-142.

Planetary boundaries

EAT Lancet Commission on Food, Planet, Health: Can we feed a future population of 10 billion people a healthy diet within **planetary boundaries**?



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Source: Azote for Stockholm Resilience Centre, based on analysis in Richardson et al 2023



End hunger, achieve food security and improve nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture by 2030

End hunger|End all forms of malnutrition| Double agricultural productivity and incomes| Ensure sustainable food production systems| Maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, plants, and animals

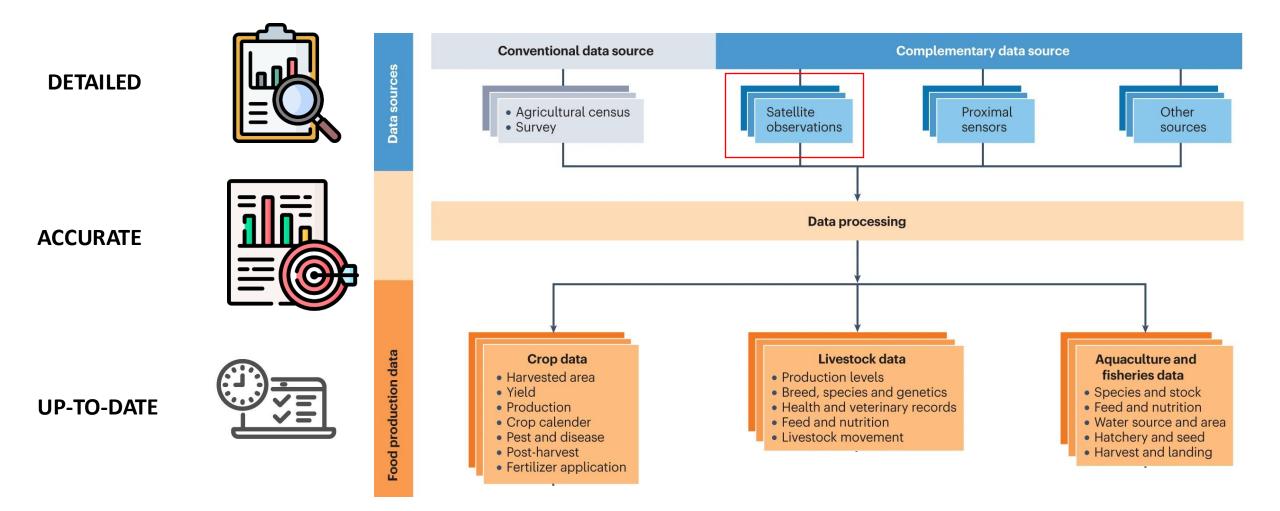
Food security challenges



Decision making is under deep uncertainty



Food production data



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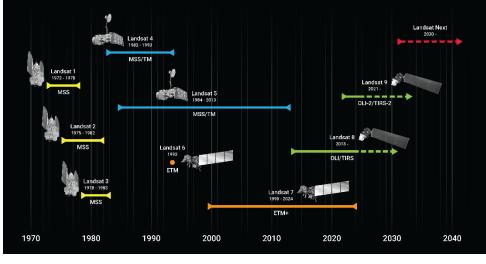
Source: Kebede, E.A., Abou Ali, H., Clavelle, T., Froehlich, H.E., Gephart, J.A., Hartman, S., Herrero, M., Kerner, H., Mehta, P., Nakalembe, C., Ray, D.K., Siebert, S., Thornton, P., Davis, K.F., 2024. Assessing and addressing the global state of food production data scarcity. Nature Reviews Earth & Environment.

Ambitious pursuit of Earth Observation missions





BUILDING ON THE LANDSAT LEGACY



			GF-4	GF-3	GF-5	GF-6	GF-7	GF-DM	
	GF-1	GF-2	Geostationary orb	it SAR	Hyperspect	ral Red Edge	Stereo Imaging	Multi-mode	
	2m	0.8m	50m	1m	30m	2m	0.65m	0.5m	
	2013.4	2014.8	2015.12	2016.8	2018.5	2018.6	2019.11	2020.7	
2010	-				<u> </u>		-		_
2010								•	
		2015.6 GF-8		2018.7 GF-11	2019.10 GF-10	2019.11 GF-12	2020.10 GF-13	2020.12 GF-14	

Source: European Space Agency (ESA), NASA

Li, D., Wang, M., Guo, H., Jin, W., On China's earth observation system: mission, vision and application. Geo-spatial Information Science, 1-19.

Remote sensing technology devs.



Temporal resolution

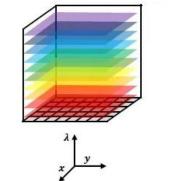
Spatial resolution



Multispectral bands 7, 5, 3

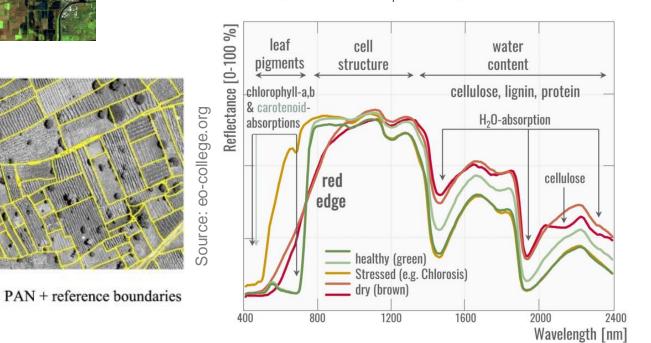
Spectral resolution

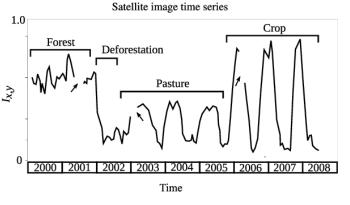
RGB AXYZ









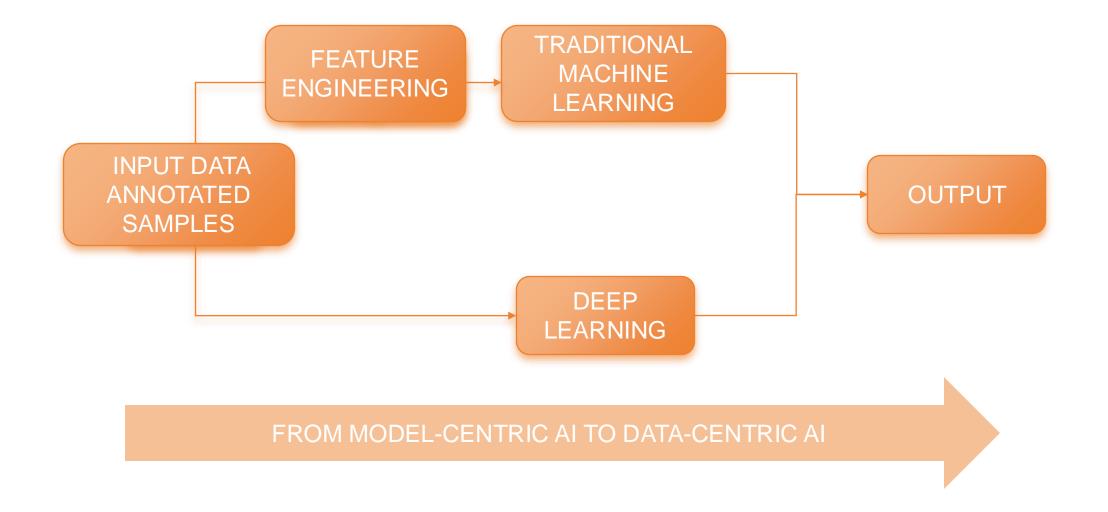


2016 <u>a</u> et Source: Maus

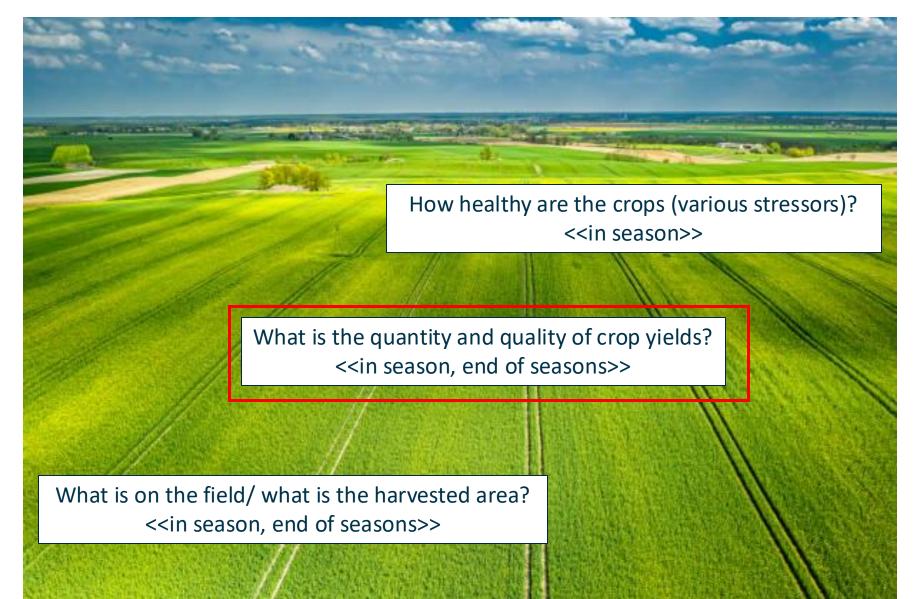
Persello, C., Tolpekin, V.A., Bergado, J.R., de By, R.A., 2019. Delineation of agricultural fields in smallholder farms from satellite images using fully convolutional networks and combinatorial grouping. Remote Sensing of Environment 231, 111253.

Machine learning devs.





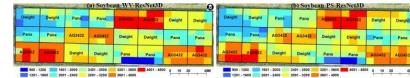
Remote Sensing & Food Production



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Crop yield estimation

- **Spatial resolution:**
- Within field Field level



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Estimated

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Observed

Various spatial and temporal scales

Before harvest: interventions such as optimize inputs (water, fertilizers) to boost yield

end of season, withinseason, trends

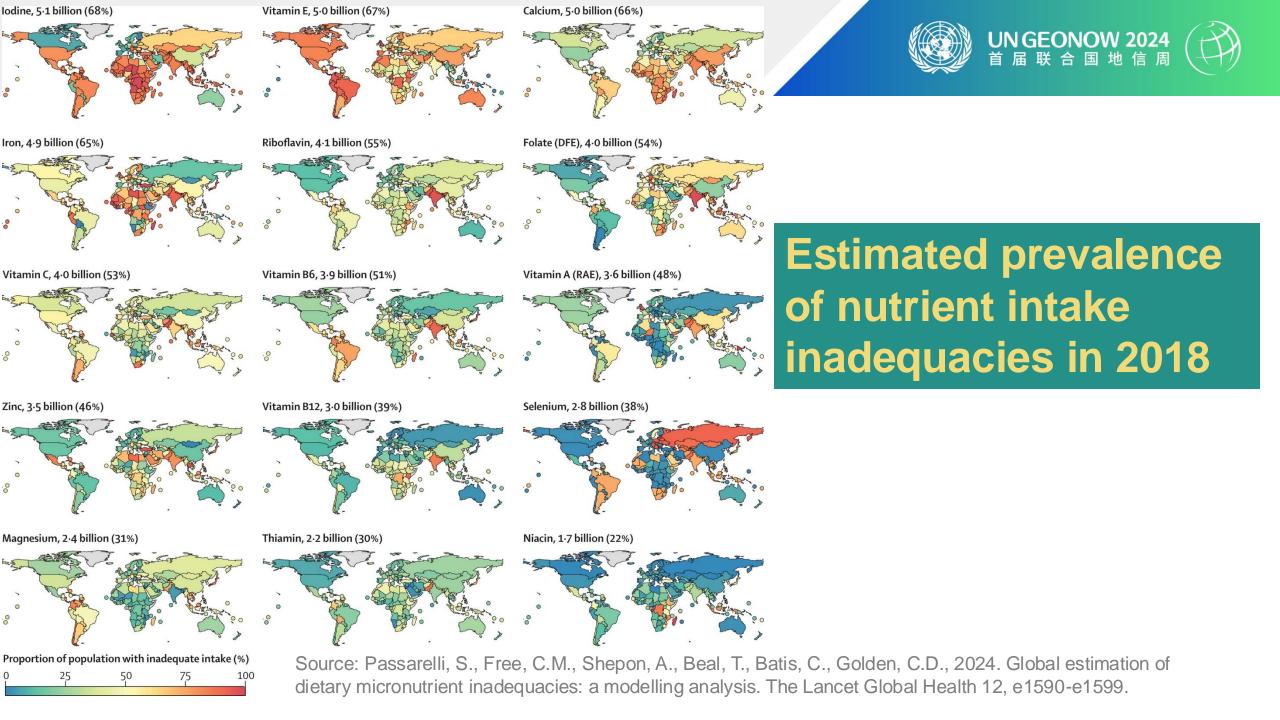
Hunt, M.L., Blackburn, G.A., Carrasco, L., Redhead, J.W., Rowland, C.S., 2019. High resolution wheat yield mapping using Sentinel-2. Remote Sensing of Environment 233, 111410. Marshall, M., Belgiu, M., Boschetti, M., Pepe, M., Stein, A., Nelson, A., 2022. Field-level crop yield estimation with PRISMA and Sentinel-2. ISPRS Journal of Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing 187, 191-210.

Sagan, V., Maimaitijiang, M., Bhadra, S., Maimaitiyiming, M., Brown, D.R., Sidike, P., Fritschi, F.B., 2021. Field-scale crop yield prediction using multi-temporal WorldView-3 and PlanetScope satellite data and deep learning. ISPRS Journal of Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing 174, 265-281.

Remote Sensing & Food Production





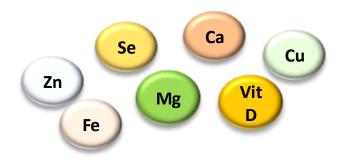


Micronutrient deficiencies



"Hidden Hunger"

Diets rely heavily on staple crops





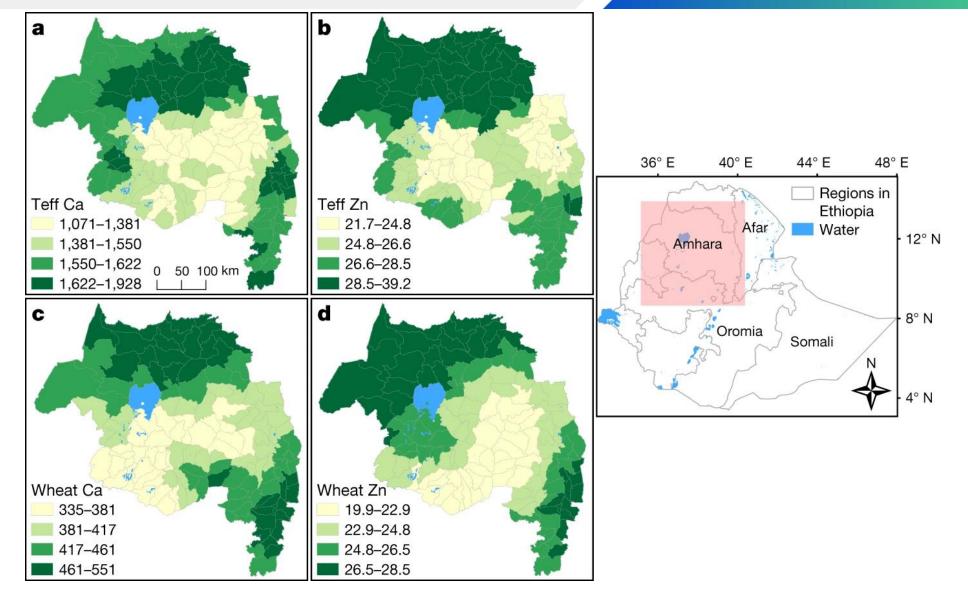
Serious mental & physical health problems





Spatial variation of crop nutrients





Gashu, D., Nalivata, P.C.,, Broadley, M.R. (2021). The nutritional quality of cereals varies geospatially in Ethiopia and Malawi. Nature, 594, 71-76

Spatial variation of crop nutrients



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	Midland	Highland	Upper highland	EAR
Energy (kcal)	2234.3	3453	4431.6	2869.7
Protein (g)	62.7	98.6	107.8	51.9
Fat (g)	20.1	27.5	30.4	85.5
Carbohydrate (utilizable) (g)	431.8	667.8	873.7	148.1
Fiber (g)	37.5	68.8	112	31.5
Calcium (mg)	169	196.6	250.7	700.1
Iron (mg)	35.9	57.3	105.5	12.1
Zinc (mg)	15.4	26.1	38.7	11.3
Vitamin A (µg RAE)	36.5	86.6	146.2	625.6
Folic acid (µg)	363	541.2	296.7	329.9
Vitamin C (mg)	5.1	9.4	8.9	38.6

Energy and nutrient per capita production in South Wollo, Ethiopia

Note: Values are production.

Abbreviation: EAR, estimated average requirement.

Guja-Bayu, H., Belgiu, M., Embibel, L., Baye, K., Stein, A. 2023, Examining energy and nutrient production across the different agro-ecological zones in rural Ethiopia using statistical methods, Food Science and Nutrition, https://doi.org/10.1002/fsn3.3676

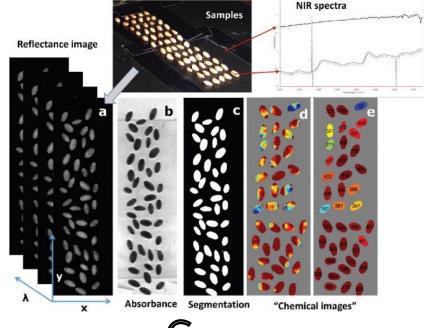
Crop nutrient data?



Wet Chemistry

Hyperspectral imaging technology





Time-consuming & expensive After harvest

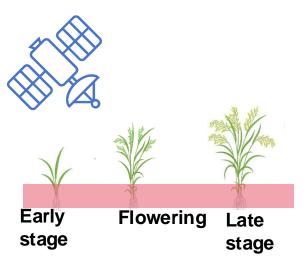
Caporaso, N., Whitworth, M.B., Fisk, I.D., 2018. Near-Infrared spectroscopy and hyperspectral imaging for non-destructive quality assessment of cereal grains. Applied Spectroscopy Reviews 53, 667-687.



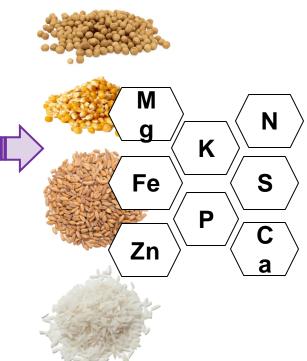
Crop grain samples

Satellite Images

Spatial co-variates









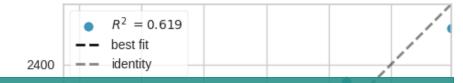


Crop nutrient data



Prediction Error for RandomForestRegressor

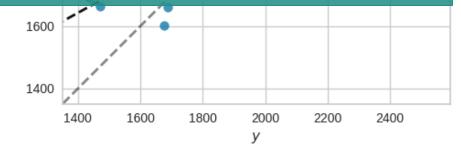
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Various spatial and temporal scales

Before harvest: interventions such as optimize inputs (water, fertilizers) to boost yield quality





Belgiu, M., Marshall, M., Boschetti, M., Pepe, M., Stein, A., Nelson, A., 2023. PRISMA and Sentinel-2 spectral response to the nutrient composition of grains. Remote Sens. Environ. 292, 113567.

Reality check: bridging idealism with reality



Local vs global levels

Geographic bias: studies focused on developed countries

Inconsistencies and inaccuracies: prevalent in developing regions

Genetics * Environment * Management (GEM)



High quality and representative annotated data

Agriculture Digital Twins | Benchmark datasets

Hybrid approaches: process-based and machine learning

Multi-disciplinary teams and studies

What do we need?



 Machine learning based implementations evaluated using metrics beyond F1 or R² scores:





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of organizations that reuse the data or model

to reduce the uncertainties in our decision making

Wagstaff, K, 2012. Machine learning that matters. Proceedings of the Twenty-Ninth International Conference on Machine Learning (ICML), p. 529-536





THANK YOU