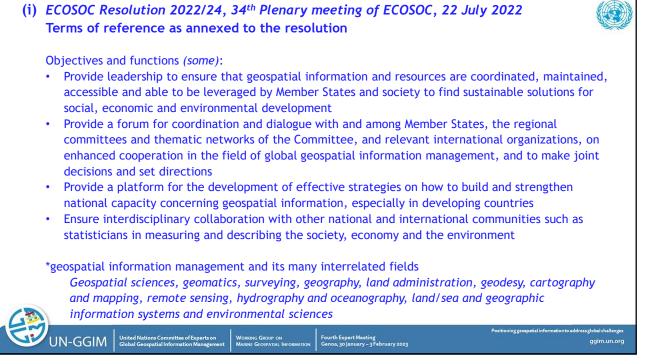


```
7
```







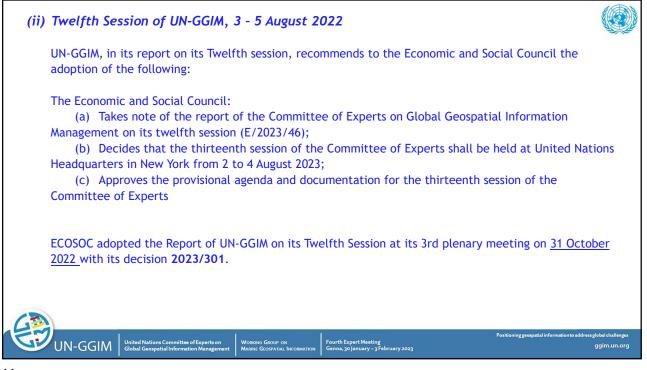


Her Excellency Ambassador Lachezara Stoeva from Bulgaria, in her opening statement, said "when I attended your expert meeting in April in New York, one particular element stayed with me: **Everything** happens somewhere. This unequivocal axiom is also the essence of your work - and a pretty catchy phrase! Geospatial Information reflects the physical world in which all human, economic and environmental activity takes place, and provides the digital version of our world. <u>Geospatial information is an essential national</u> information resource, critical component of the national infrastructure and knowledge economy; and it is also a means to integrate a wide variety of Government services".

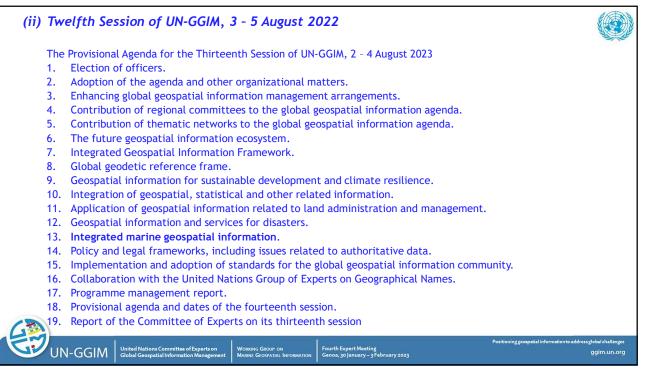
Her Excellency Agnes Ali-Harm from Fiji, in her statement, said "when the world was grappling with the global pandemic with regard to health response efforts, you can imagine what this looks like for small administrations with limited capacities and resources. For Fiji, given our ongoing work with UN-GGIM, we managed to use geospatial information to respond to the Covid-19 pandemic in decision making to support the deployment of resources to where it was most needed. It is against this backdrop and our recognition of this important work that Fiji took on the role as the main Facilitator and sponsor of the ECOSOC Resolution" 2022/24.

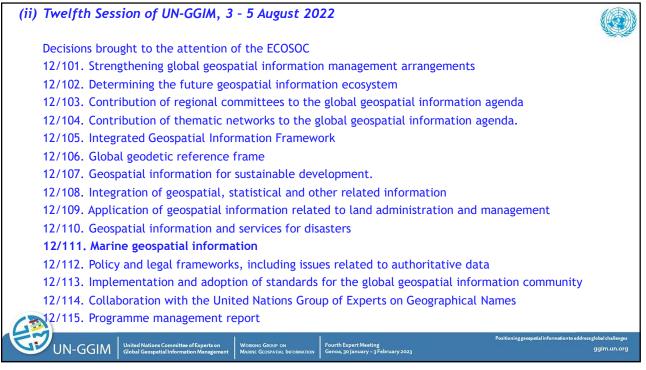
UN-GGIM

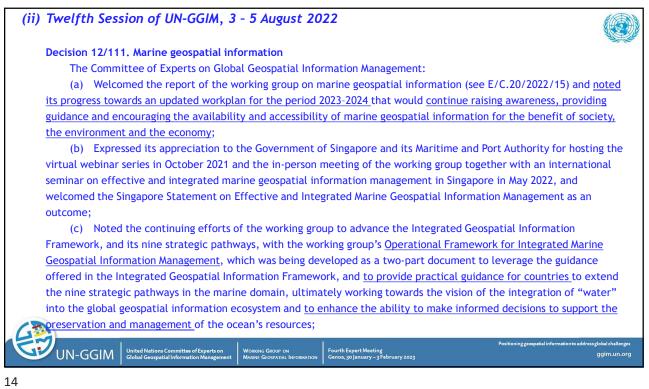
RING GROUP ON Fourth Expert Meeting RINE GEOSPATIAL INFORMATION Genoa, 30 January - 3 February 2023 ggim.un.org











(ii) Twelfth Session of UN-GGIM, 3 - 5 August 2022						
(d) <u>Welcomed and endorsed part one of the Operational Framework for Integrated Marine Geospatial Information</u>	on					
Management, an executive summary of the Operational Framework, and emphasized that the Operational Framework	í					
must provide practical guidance that Member States could use to enhance the availability and accessibility of marine						
geospatial information, including but not restricted to hydrography, oceanography, marine geology, marine biology,						
human-related activities and maritime governance, and that <u>future marine geospatial infrastruct</u> ures should be integrated with the broader geospatial ecosystem essential for the sustainable development of the world's resources						
States;						
(e) Noted that the updated workplan would seek to address issues related to the land-sea interface and coastal	L					
zones; integration of the maritime, terrestrial and cadastral domains; promoting the use of established standards; and	d					
strengthening collaboration, partnerships, engagement and capacity development, including with the International						
Hydrographic Organization, the Open Geospatial Consortium, the Singapore-International Hydrographic Organization						
Innovation and Technology Laboratory, the General Bathymetric Chart of the Oceans Seabed 2030 project and the						
United Nations Decade of Ocean Science for Sustainable Development;						
(f) Also noted the offers of new members and relevant stakeholders, and the intention of the working group to)					
convene its fourth expert meeting in Genoa, Italy, from 30 January to 3 February 2023.						
Positioning geospatial information to address global d Global Geospatial Information Management WORKING GROUP ON MARKE GEOSPATIAL INFORMATION Gold January - 3 February 2023 ggim	hallenges 1.un.org					



(iii) Programme of Work of UN-GGIM



- a) Regional committees
- b) Thematic networks including standards development organizations
- c) Functional groups -

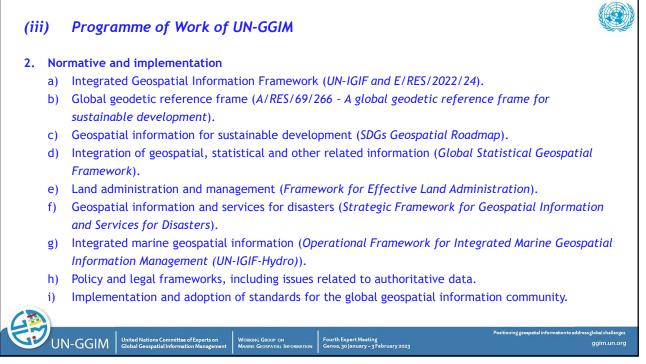
UN-GGIM

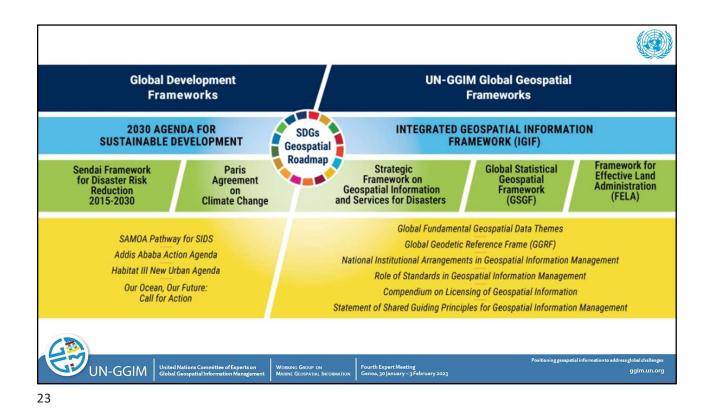
- i. High-level Group of the Integrated Geospatial Information Framework
- ii. Subcommittee on Geodesy
- iii. Expert Group on the Integration of Statistical and Geospatial Information
- iv. Expert Group on Land Administration and Management
- v. Working Group on Geospatial Information and Services on Disasters
- vi. Working Group on Policy and Legal Frameworks for Geospatial Information Management
- vii. Working Group on Marine Geospatial Information *plus* Working Group on Geospatial Information of the Inter-agency and Expert Group on Sustainable Development Goals Indicators;

and engagement with ECOSOC; Statistical Commission; United Nations Group of Experts on Geographical Names; DESA/CDPMO; UN system entities (FAO; UNOOSA; UNDRR; UNFPA; World Bank); International Hydrographic Organization; the International Bar Association; the International Organization for Standardization (Technical Committee 211) and the Open Geospatial Consortium

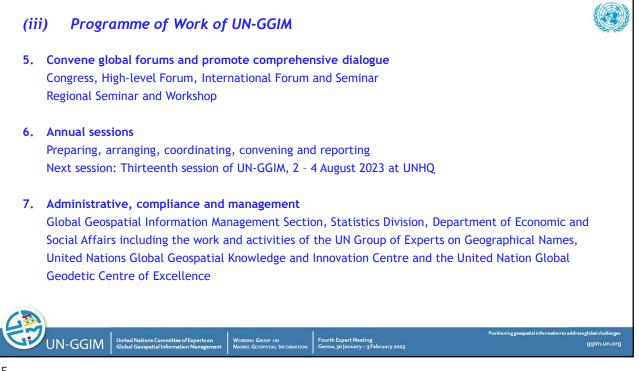
th Expert Meeting 30 January – 3 February 2023 Positioning geospatial info

ggim.un.org

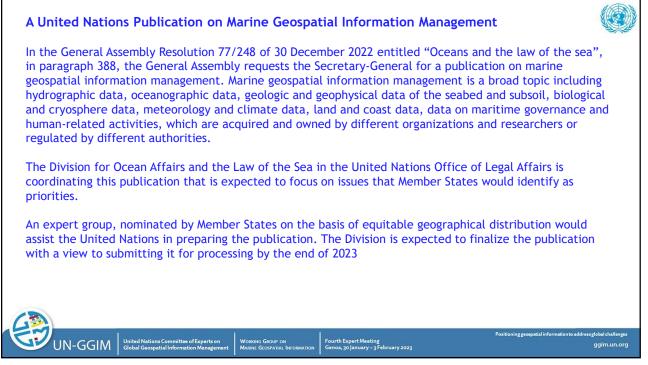














<section-header><image><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><image>

29





United Nations Com

The Overarching Goal is to develop and promote the required innovation, leadership, coordination, and standards to strengthen the adoption of geospatial information to support the implementation of national development priorities and the SDGs.

Leveraging the United Nations Integrated Geospatial Information Framework, Member States will have the ability to integrate and deliver national geospatial information policy, data, systems, services and capabilities into national government development policies, strategies, and arrangements.

Fourth Expert Meeting Genoa, 30 January – 3 February 2023

30

UN-GGIM

ggim.un.org



UNITED NATIONS GLOBAL GEOSPATIAL KNOWLEDGE AND INNOVATION CENTRE

31





https://ggim.un.org/UNGGCE/

The Overarching Goal of the United Nations Global Geodetic Centre of Excellence is to assist Member States and geodetic organizations to coordinate and collaborate to sustain, enhance, access and utilize an accurate, accessible and sustainable Global Geodetic Reference Frame (GGRF) to support science, society and global development.

The objective of the Centre is to support the implementation of General Assembly resolution 69/266 through strengthening and advancing: global geodetic cooperation and coordination; worldwide geodetic infrastructure; standards, policies and conventions; education, training and capacity building; and communication and awareness, while also coordinating measures and overseeing their implementation.

Fourth Expert Meeting Genoa, 30 January – 3 February 2023

JN-GGIM

ggim.un.org

allenges un.org

UNITED NATIONS GLOBAL GEODETIC CENTRE OF EXCELLENCE (UN-GGCE) UN CAMPUS, BONN, GERMANY



https://ggim.un.org/UNGGCE/

The priority is to initially focus on 5 key elements to maximize the benefit of ongoing geodetic efforts, ensure coherence, and avoid duplication of effort:

- Governance.
- Geodetic Infrastructure.
- Policies, Standards and Conventions.
- Education, Training and Capacity Building.
- Communication and Outreach

A **Steering Committee** will provide strategic advice on the annual work plan, its implementation and the reporting of the budget.

An **International Advisory Committee** will provide the required guidance and advice on the development, implementation and review of the substantive annual programme of work

				of the substantive	annual programme of work
6	UN-GGIM	United Nations Committee of Experts on Global Geospatial Information Management	WORKING GROUP ON MARINE GEOSPATIAL INFORMATION	of the substantive of the Centre. Fourth Expert Meeting Genoa, 30 January - 3 February 2023	Positioning geospatial information to address global ch ggim.





