

#### **NEW STRAITS TIMES HEADLINE**

## WWF: MALAYSIANS NEED 1.7 EARTHS TO MEET CONSUMPTION NEEDS



Knowing we only have one planet, WWF believes that humanity can make better choices that translate into clear benefits for ecology, society and the economy today and in the long term. (*Living Planet Report 2014*)

"We need leadership for change. Sitting on the bench waiting for someone else to make the first move doesn't work. Heads of state need to start thinking globally; businesses and consumers need to stop behaving as if we live in a limitless world." (Marco Lambertini, Director General, WWF International, 2014)

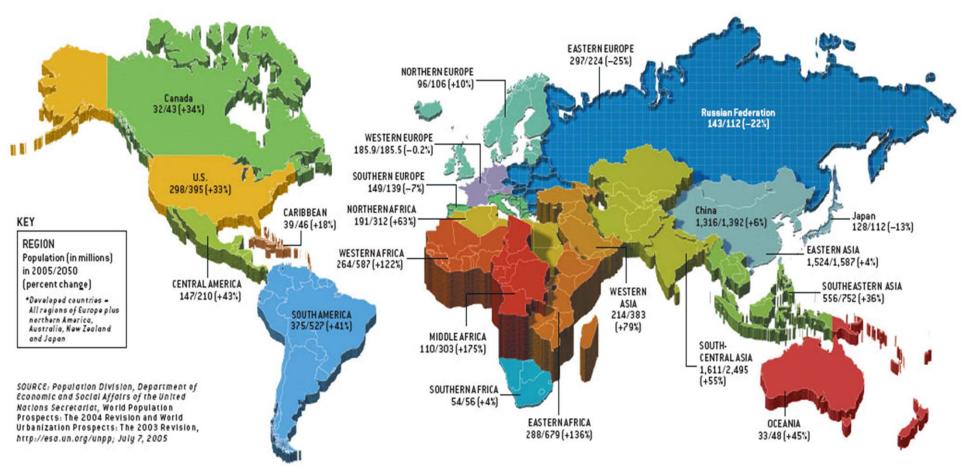






Global population will likely reach 8 billion by 2030, on its way to more than 9 billion by 2050. There will be more people and older people. The impact of both trends must be taken into account. The world's labour force will grow by about 470 million.

(Report of the High-Level Panel of Eminent Persons on the Post-2015 Development Agenda)



(from: Jon Mills, CESER Newcastle University, FIG-Kuala Lumpur, 2014)

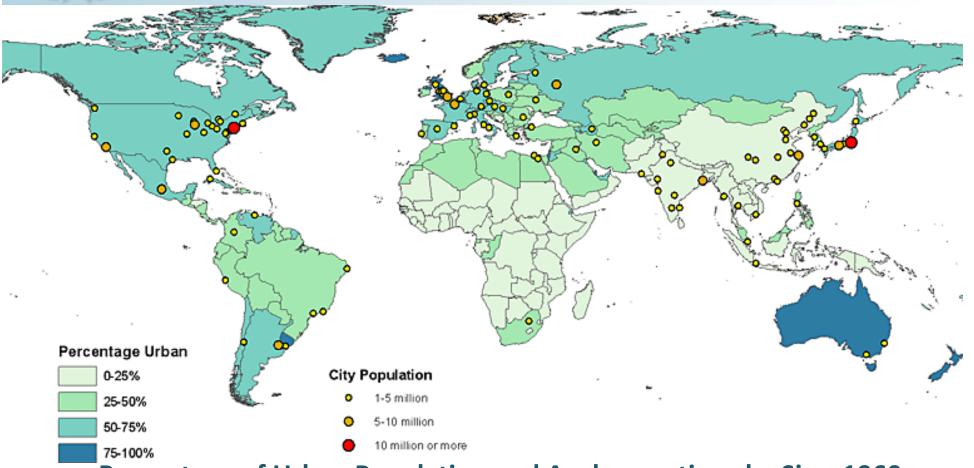








## United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs Population Division, Population Estimates and Projections Section



Percentage of Urban Population and Agglomerations by Size, 1960

World Urbanization Prospects, the 2011 Revision

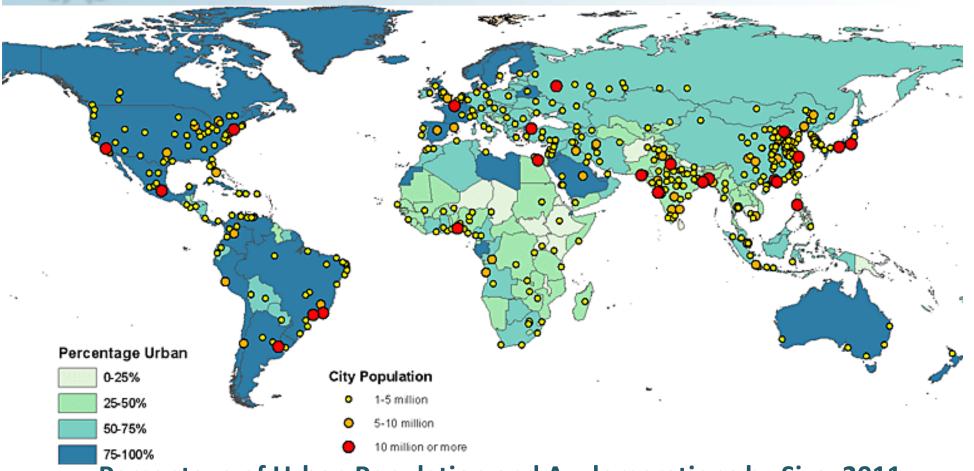








## United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs Population Division, Population Estimates and Projections Section



Percentage of Urban Population and Agglomerations by Size, 2011

World Urbanization Prospects, the 2011 Revision

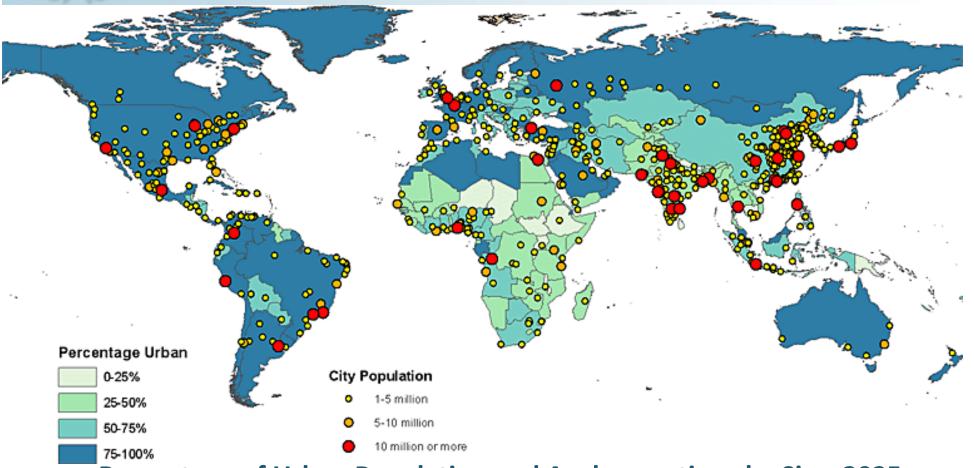








## United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs Population Division, Population Estimates and Projections Section



Percentage of Urban Population and Agglomerations by Size, 2025

World Urbanization Prospects, the 2011 Revision





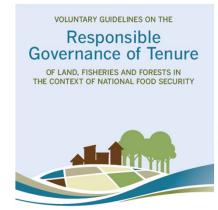


"Land is a scare resource involving a wide range of rights and responsibilities. When poorly managed, it can become contentious often leading to disputes, conflict, degradation and other problems, all of them drivers of slum development and poverty in urban areas."



ISO 19152

> First edition 2012-12-01



(UN-Habitat) Perceived Adverse tenure possession approaches Occupancy Leases Informal land Formal land rights rights Group Customary Alternatives Registered to eviction tenure freehold

The Continuum of Land Rights (UN-Habitat/GLTN)

Geographic information — Land Administration Domain Model (LADM)

Information géographique — Modèle du domaine de l'administration des terres (LADM)



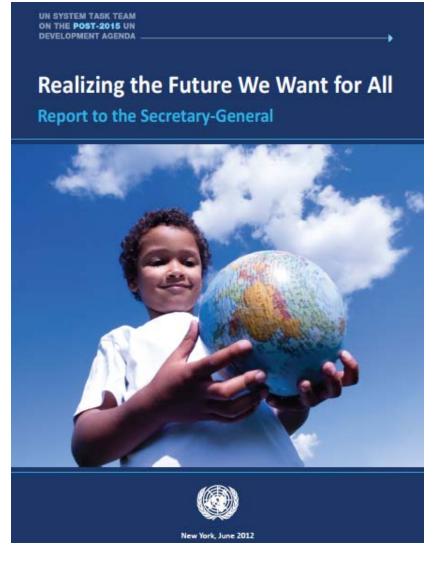
We can do more to take advantage of rapid urbanization: cities are the world's engines for business and innovation. With good management they can provide jobs, hope and growth, while building sustainability.

(Report of the High-Level Panel of Eminent Persons on the Post-2015 Development Agenda)









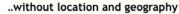
### 3<sup>rd</sup> High Level Forum on United Nations Global Geospatial Information Management: Sustainable Cities and Human Settlement

Geospatial information: the key that connects and unlocks the wealth of existing knowledge about social, environmental and economic matters leading to sustainable development?

and

GGIM: the intergovernmental mechanism for the geography needed towards Realizing the Future We Want for All?











## Session 2

# Sustainable Cities and Human Settlement

Urbanization: Challenges and Solutions

Keynote Presentation: Dr. Jorge Munoz, World Bank

### Panellist:

- Dr. Lars Arell, Sweden
- Mr. Mark Cyan, ESRI
- Mr. Manuel Gultierez, Mexico
- Mt. Cephas Maguaze, Zimbabwe



## Session 2

## Sustainable Cities and Human Settlement

Sustainable Land Administration and Management

Keynote Presentation: Dr. Clarissa Augustinus, UN-Habitat/GLTN

#### Panellists:

- Ms. Dorine Burmanje, The Netherlands
- Mr. Vincent Hoong, UN-GGIM: Americas
- Engr. Didier Sagashya, Rwanda
- Mr. Alvaro Hernandez, Chile

