

Chengdu Forum on
United Nations Global Geospatial Information Management
联合国全球空间信息管理成都论坛

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Chengdu, China 中国成都 16 October, 2013 2013年10月16日



Outline 汇报提纲

- Introduction 前言
- Substantial Problems and Solutions 存在的问题及开展的工作
- 3 Successful Case 应用案例
- 4 Conclusion 结论



Introduction 前言



Building collapsed in earthquakes 地震房屋倒塌



Drought 旱灾



landslide and mud-rock flow 滑坡泥石流



flood 洪涝



Introduction 前言

In recent years, serious natural disaster and public emergencies have increased our concern on emergency safeguard

近年来,随着一些大的自然灾害和公共突发事件的发生,国家 越来越重视应急保障

Emergency safeguard of surveying and mapping has been given unprecedented priority

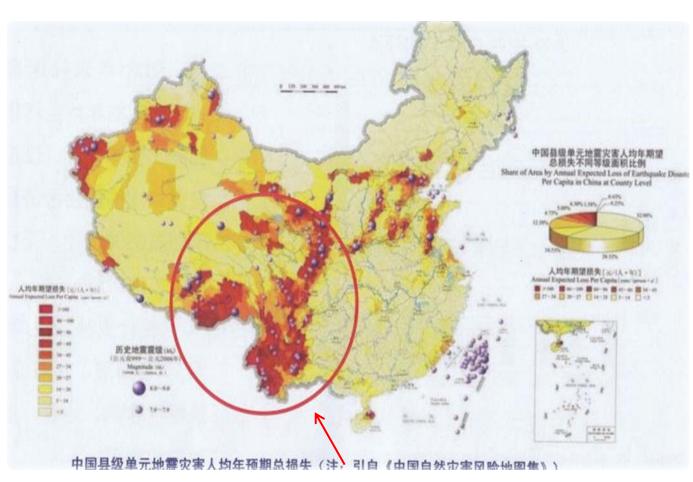
尤其是应急测绘保障工作提升到前所未有的高度

When major disaster happens, emergency safeguard of surveying and mapping can play significant roles in disaster condition detection, decision-making and deployment, disaster evaluation, and post-disaster recovery

在重大灾害发生以后,应急测绘保障工作在灾情侦查、决策部署、灾 情评估、灾后重建过程中发挥重要作用



Introduction 前言



Seismically active area 地震活跃区



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Substantial Problems 存在的问题

□ Absence of scientific judgement and evaluation of disaster situation 缺乏对灾情科学的判断与评估





Substantial Problems 存在的问题

- The superior instruction: recover the roads within 24 hours. But the traffic is still interrupted after 24 hours
 5·12汶川地震后,得到的指令是24小时内打通道路,但是24小时过去之后,道路并没有打通
- According to the images, it is impossible to fully repair roads within 24 hours
 根据影像可以判断,24小时内打通灾区道路不现实





Substantial Problems 存在的问题

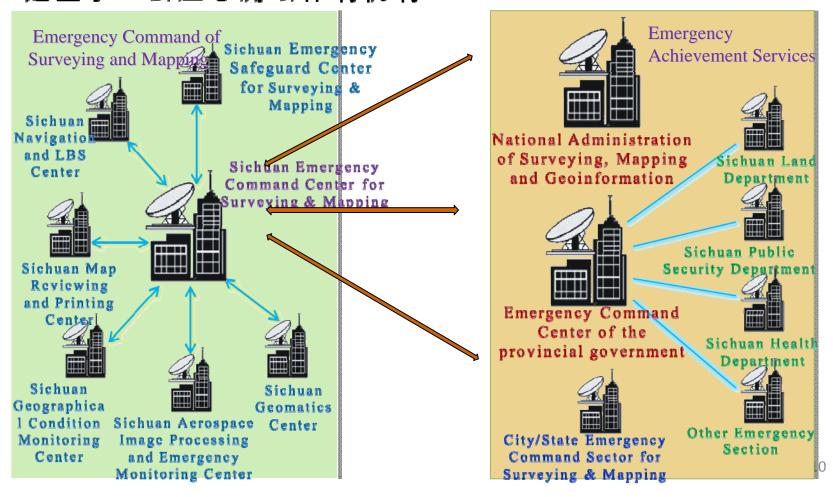
□ Lack of precise geographic coordinates makes the dropping of aid very difficult 没有精准的地理坐标数据,救援物资无法准确投送







■ Establishing a comprehensive emergency surveying and mapping mechanism 建立了一套应急测绘体制机制

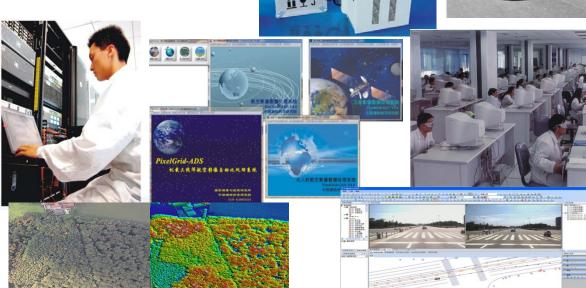




















Organizing an actual maneuver 策划了一次实战演练



Decision-making and deployment 决策部署,下达测绘应急工作指令



RHEDOTH O

Rushing to emergency spot 奔赴应急现场

Gathering emergency team 集结应急队伍









7.辟绿色通道



Acquisition of emergency data

获取 应急

数据



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7.0 Earthquake in Lushan County, Sichuan Province 芦山7.0级强烈地震











Running Contingency Plan 启动预案



• The emergency surveying and mapping system is triggered when the 1st emergency command is received 第一条应急指令通过短信发出,测绘应急指挥体系开始运转



• Gathering the emergency teams, and the UAV team flying toward disaster area from Cheng wen qiong 应急分队集结,无人机分队由成温邛高速奔赴灾区



• Provincial map center begin to compile thematic maps for "4.20" earthquake relief works 省地图审查与制印中心开始编制"4•20"芦山地震抗震救灾专用图



• Provincial navigation and location service center starts to check the operation condition of the navigation and location service platform 省导航与位置服务中心开始检测导航与位置服务平台运行情况



• Provincial aerospace remote sensing monitoring center starts to compile images that captured before the earthquake 省航空航天遥感应急监测中心开始编制震前影像图



• Provincial basic geographic information center deploys special technical team to support the headquarters of earthquake relief work 省基础地理信息中心派出技术支撑小组前往省抗震救灾指挥部



• Provincial geographical conditions monitoring center deploys mobile surveying team to disaster area 省地理国情监测中心移动测量分队开赴灾区



• Aerial photography aircraft ready in Mianyang airport 航摄飞机运-12完成准备工作,在绵阳机场待命



• The UAV takes off from Jiaguan town in Qionglai city to acquire high-resolution images 无人机从邛崃市夹关镇起飞,获取灾区高分辨影像



Acquisition of High-Resolution Images 高分辨率影像获取

High-resolution images were obtained 7 hours after the earthquake. Compiled thematic maps were provided to headquarters of earthquake relief work and related departments for disaster evaluation, decision making and resource

deployment





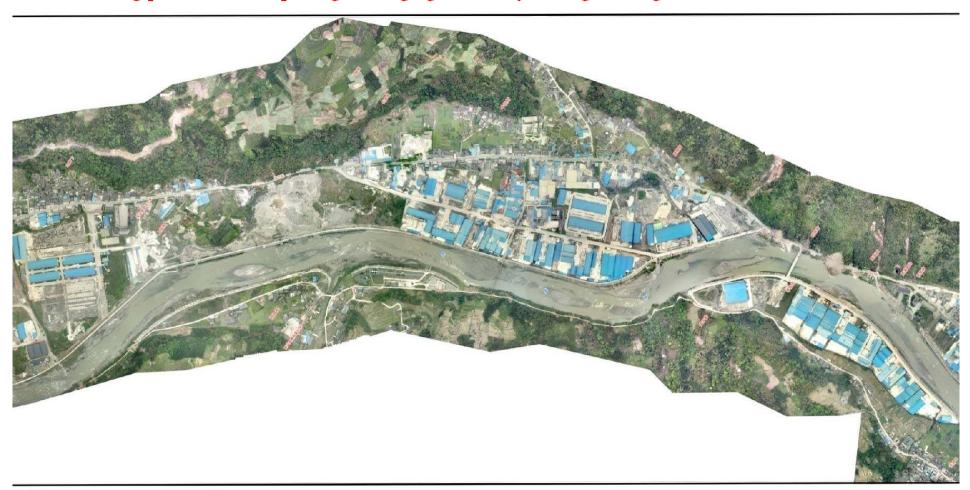
芦山县太平镇灾后影像图





Acquisition of High-Resolution Images 高分辨率影像获取

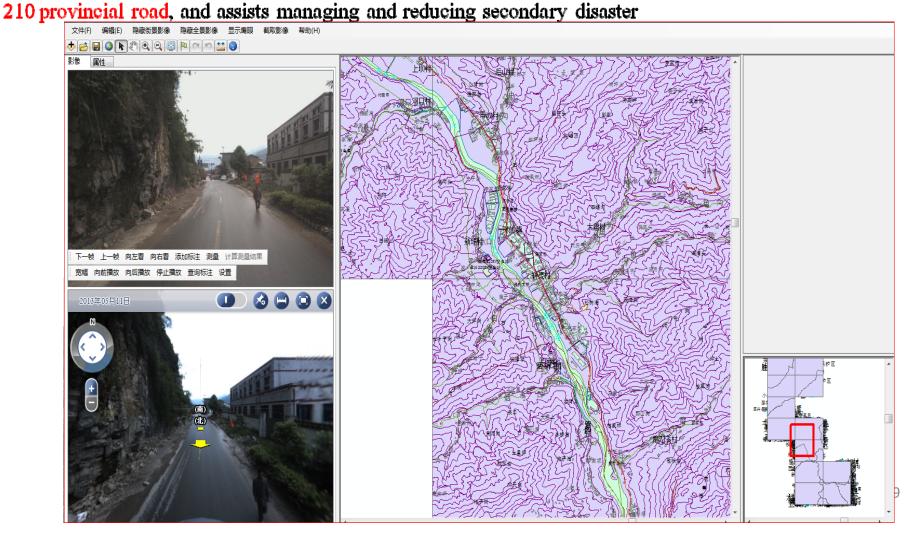
The zonal images of 210 provincial road were acquired by the UAV, this can greatly assist further work such as making plans of road repairing, managing secondary damages along the roads





Measurable panoramic image acquisition system 可量测全景影像采集

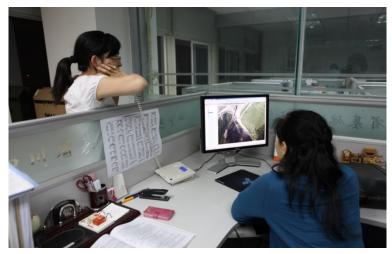
Mobile surveying platform provides measurable panoramic images of major dangerous rocks zones in





Interpretation of geological hazard 地质灾害解译

Based on the acquired images, professionals conducted geological hazard interpretation and early warning. Approximately 3,200 km² area in images were interpreted, and 1,901 potential hazard sites were found











Acquisition of High-Resolution Images 高分辨率影像获取

The UAV captured high-resolution images for potential geological hazard areas in Chenglingmugou in Baoxing county, Gangoutou in Damiaotou village in Tianquan county, Baizhanghu reservoir, etc., which provides surveying and mapping support for the work of disaster detection, evaluation, monitoring, early warning, and management

宝兴县教场沟与冷木沟灾后影像图



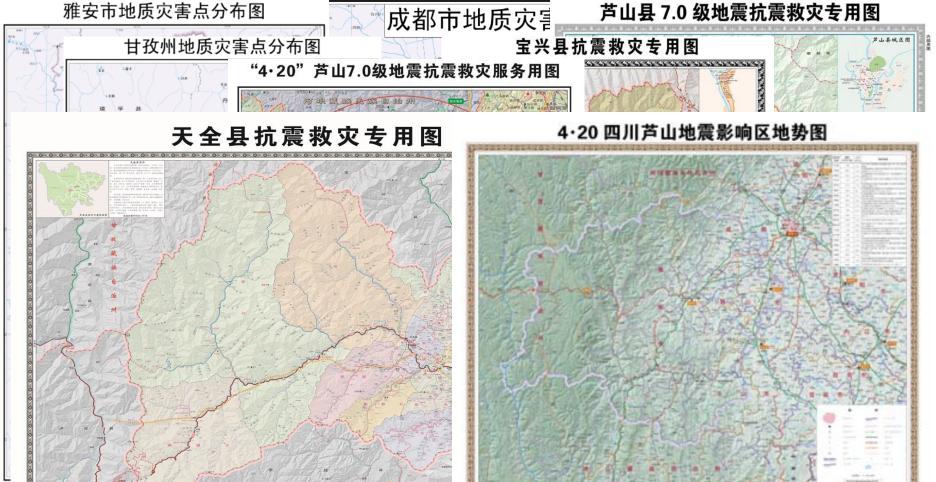
天泉县老场乡大庙村泥石流 2013年5月3日无人机航射影像、地面分辨率0.2米



Compiling Thematic Maps for Earthquake Relief Work 抗震救灾专题图编制

2013年4月20日

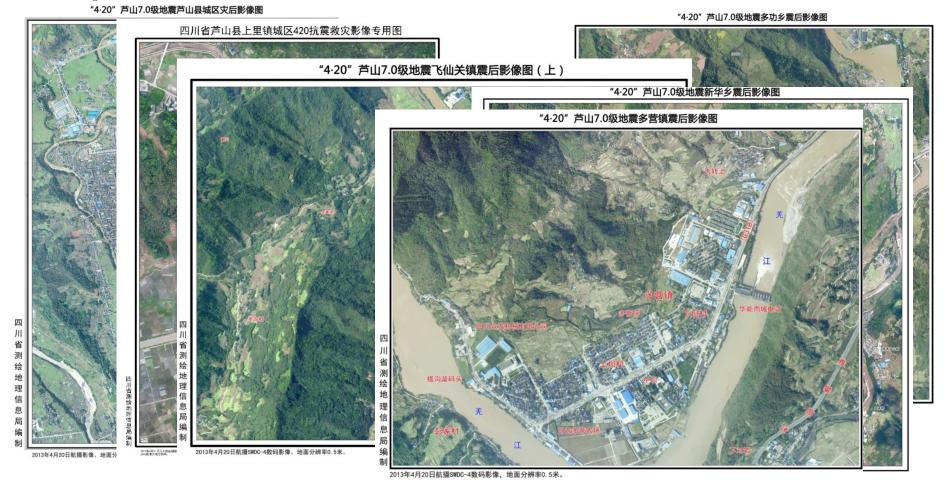
We developed over 50 thematic maps for earthquake relief work, which greatly benefited earthquake relief commanding and reasonable resource deployment





Compiling thematic Images 影像专题图编制

We developed over 50 thematic images for earthquake relief headquarter and relevant functional departments conducting hazard and disaster evaluation, resource deployment, loss evaluation, and secondary disaster assessment





Geographic Information Portal of Lushan Earthquake 芦山地震地理信息公众平台

In the first 24 hours after earthquake, we developed a geographic information portal of Lushan earthquake to timely publish the disaster images, interpreted results of potential secondary disasters, thematic maps for earthquake relief work, real-time traffic condition in disaster areas, etc



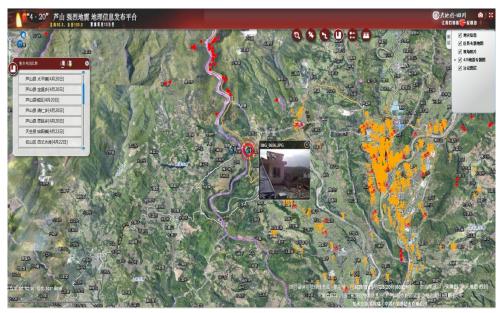






Geographic Information Portal of Lushan Earthquake 芦山地震地理信息公众平台

The portal provides high resolution images (0.6 m) of approximately 5,000 km2 disaster area (covers Lushan, Baoxing and Qionglai), and reports totally 2,935 disaster sites, including 9 interpreted congestion bodies, 1,183 collapse landslides, 1,312 damaged buildings, and 431 collapsed buildings







Outcomes of Emergency Safeguard of Surveying and Mapping 应急测绘保障成果

Compiled 107 thematic maps and images, and printed and distributed almost 26,000 maps 应急测绘保障成果

Captured high resolution aerial images of over 3,000 km², and created digital orthogonal maps 获取灾区高分辨率航空影像3000余平方千米,并制作数字正射影像

Interpreted almost 3,200 km² disaster area, and 3,000 disaster sites 判读震后影像近3200平方千米,解译各类灾害点3000余处

Processed 4,050 km² satellite images that captured before the earthquake 制作震前卫星遥感影像4050平方千米

Captured 100 km 3D street view images for severely afflicted area 采集重灾区三维实景影像100余千米

Produced 1,007 paper topographic maps of various types 提供各类纸质地形图1007张

Produced 1.27 TB geographic data of various types 各类地理信息数据1.27TB



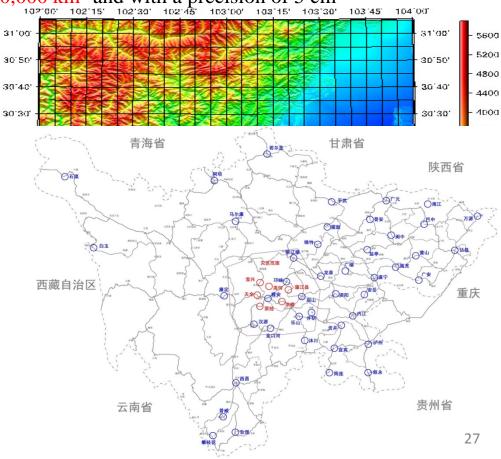
Post-disaster construction of surveying and mapping 灾后测绘基准建设

✓ Constructed 6 continuous running base station of global navigation satellite system in Lushan, Baoxing, Tianquan, etc.

✓ Reconstructed the independent coordinate system for Ya'an, Lushan, Tianquan, Baoxing and Xingjing

✓ Efficiently built a new quasi-geoid model of 10,000 km² and with a precision of 5 cm





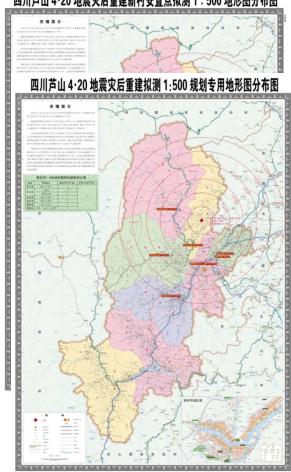


Surveying and mapping special topographic map for reconstruction planning

重建规划专用地形图测绘

Surveying and mapping special topographic map of 2 scales for reconstruction planning: 1:500 scale topographic map covering 130 km² area. 1:2000 scale topographic map covering 650 km²

四川芦山 4·20 地震灾后重建新村安置点拟测 1:500 地形图分布图







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Conclusion 结论

1

Be quick 要快

Disaster information required to be quickly obtained and understood right after the disaster

2

Be effective 要有效分析与判断

By studying and evaluating disaster condition, and made reasonable plan of rescue solution, the effective suggestions have to be made and provided for further decision making

3

Be accurate 要准确

Multi-resolution images acquired using emergency surveying system have to be accurately utilized according to different purpose of disaster relief and post-disaster recovery



Conclusion 结论





Demo 视频演示

Demo: Emergency safeguard of Surveying and Mapping for 4.20 Lushan Earthquake



Concluding Remarks 结束语

With the demand of surveying and mapping for major incidents and disasters, and considering the historical disaster relief experiences, we investigated the technical structure of emergency safeguard, developed corresponding software and portal, provided emergency geographic information services for the government and public, and further explore the potential of emergency safeguard of surveying and mapping

针对自然灾害等重大突发事件应急测绘需求,结合四川省历史抗震 救灾经验,研究应急测绘保障技术体系,开发应用软件系统,提供面向 政府部门和公众用户应急测绘地理信息服务,挖掘应急测绘保障潜力



Emergency Safeguard of Surveying and Mapping is a Long and Arduous Task!

应急测绘保障 使命任重道

远!



Thank You for Attention!



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