

Improving Geo-spatial Data Management For Urban Hazard Risk Assessment

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Outline

- NRDMS Programme
- Geo-information in Decision-making
- Concept of Spatial Data Infrastructure
- NSDI implementation
- State SDIs



NRDMS Objectives

- Demonstrate and promote use of Spatial Data Management Technologies (SDMT)
- Provide S & T inputs for framing policies in SDMT
- Develop and demonstrate pilot scale SDIs and Provide research support to NSDI
- Documentation and dissemination



Bottlenecks in the spatial data system

- No data discovery/ access mechanism
- Even if accessible, data mostly out of date
- Non-availability of data of right resolution/ Currency
- Lack of standards/ shareability
- Inadequate capacity amongst end users



Who are producing these data sets?

- National Mapping Organisations
 - Sol, GSI, FSI, NBSSLUP, AISLUS, CGWB NRSA etc.
- Survey Organisations
 - Census of India, NSSO, CWC, CPCB, State Pollution Control Boards
- State Government Line Departments/ Agencies
 - Revenue, PWD, PHED, Health, SGWB etc.



National level Stakeholder Agencies (Indicative)

Survey of India

National Remote Sensing Centre

Geological Survey of India

Forest Survey of India

Central Ground Water Board

Central Water Commission

Census of India

Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation

National Informatics Centre

National Hydrographic Office

Military Survey

Central Pollution Control Board

Ministry of Urban Development

Ministry of Rural Development

Ministry of Environment & Forests

Ministry of Water Resources



Survey Settlement and Land records

Karnataka Public works Department

Dept. of Mines & Geology

Bruhat Bangalore Mahanagar palike

Bangalore Metropolitan Regional Development Authority

Water Resources Department

Zilla/ Taluka/ Gram Panchayath

Karnataka Biodiversity Board

Bangalore Water Supply & Sewerage Board

Rural Development & Panchayath Raj Department

Karnataka Urban Infrastructure & Finance Corporation

Karnataka Industrial Area Development Board

Karnataka Urban Water Supply & Drainage Board

Department of Economics & Statistics

Karnataka State Remote Sensing & Environment Centre

District Industry Centres



What is a Spatial Data Infrastructure (GDI)?

Combination of technologies, policies and people necessary to promote sharing of spatial data through all levels of government, private and non-profit sectors, and the academic community

- GSDI Cookbook



Policies/ Important Decisions

- National Map Policy, 2005
- NSDI Resolution, 2006
- State Chief Secretaries Conference, Feb 2011
- National Mirror Committee on 'Geo-spatial Information' for ISO TC 211 by Bureau of Indian Standards
- National Data Sharing & Accessibility Policy, 2012

NDSAP - Highlights

- 'Proactive' instead of 'reactive' sharing
- Mandatory sharing of all data generated through public funds except on national security considerations
- Publication of 'Exclusion or Negative List'
- Four Types of Accesses (open, automatic registered, authorised registered, restricted e.g. G2G)
- Prepared through consultation with major stakeholders



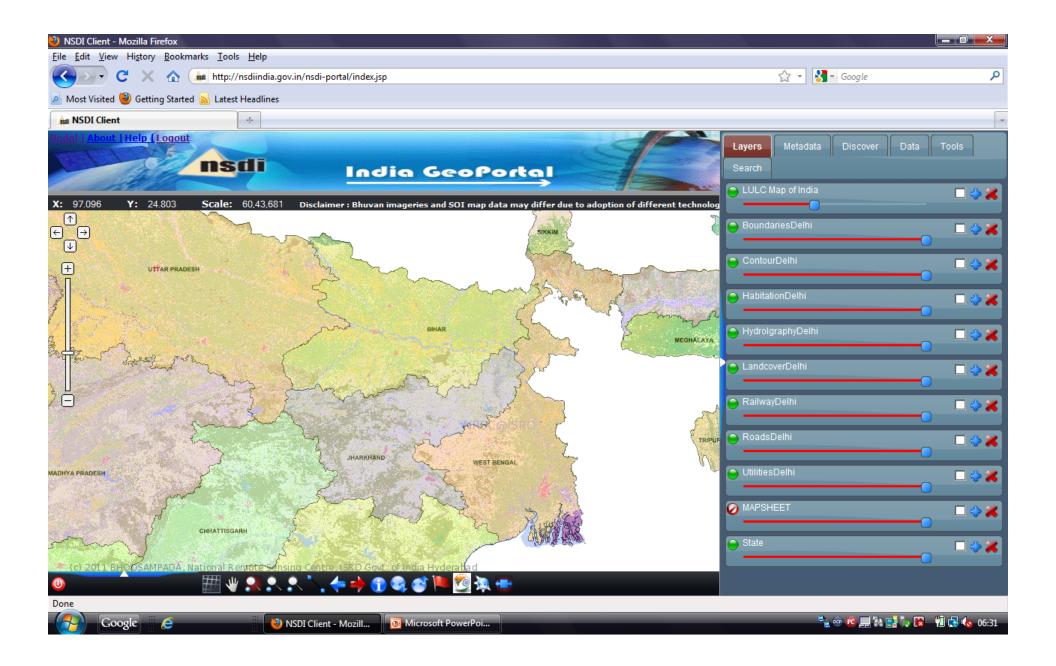
Elements of SDI

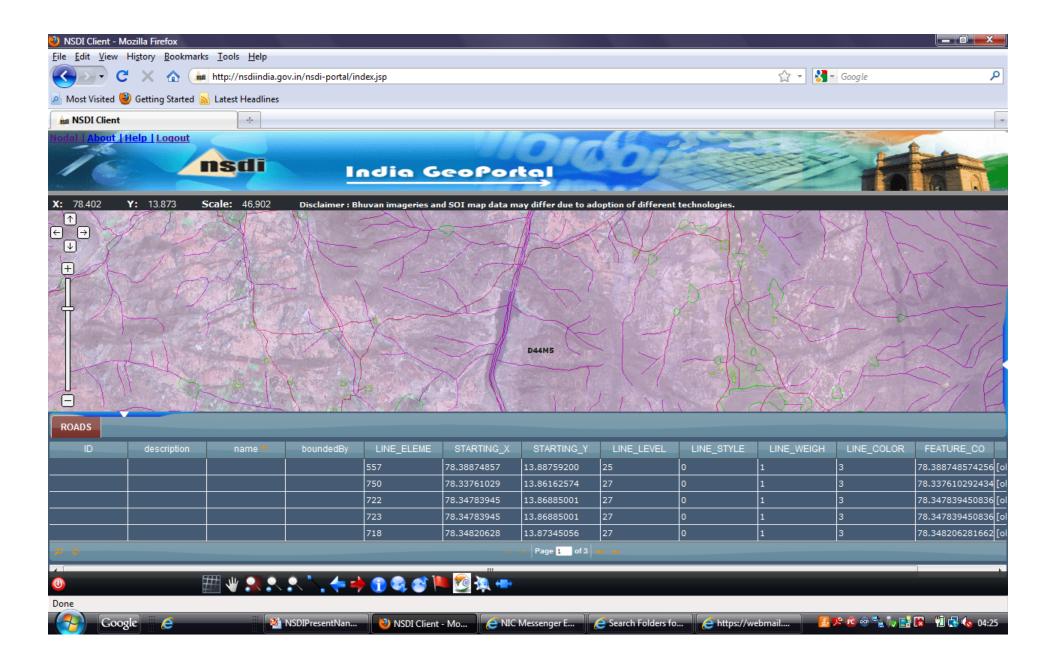
- Core data sets
- Metadata
- Clearinghouse
- Standards
- Institutional arrangements



@Government of India

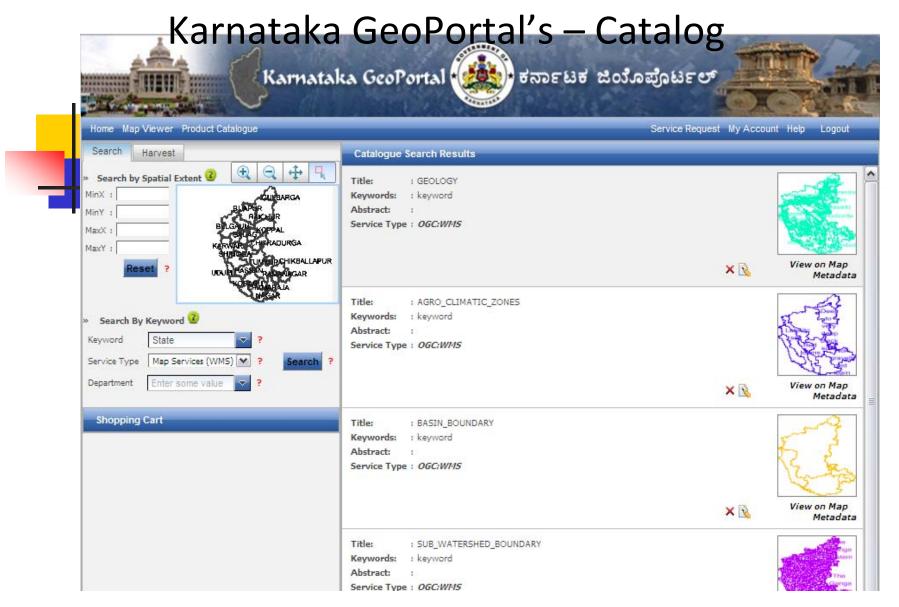




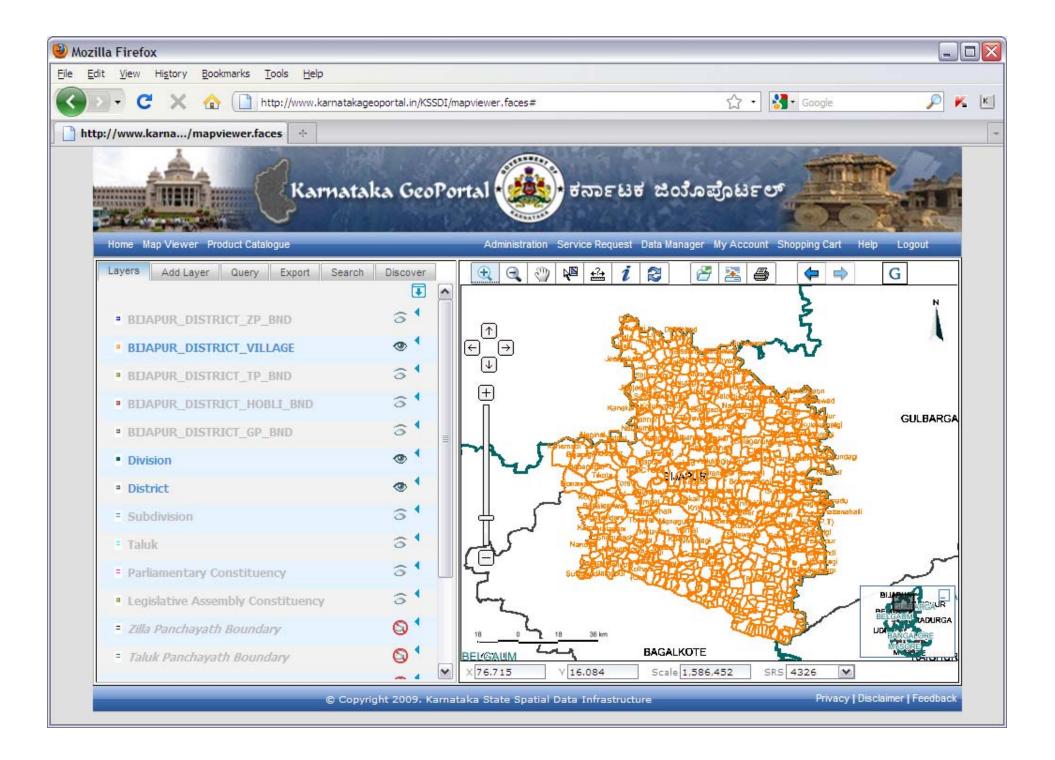




• The Geo Portal provides the site overview and secure access through login to the geospatial content and features of the SDL.



- Product Catalogue allows user to search the Published Web Services (WMS/WFS/WCS) in the KSSDI Data Repository.
- 2. It presents the Metadata of the selected Layer (NSDI Metadata Standard 2.0).
- 3. Also allows a user to all the layers to cart.



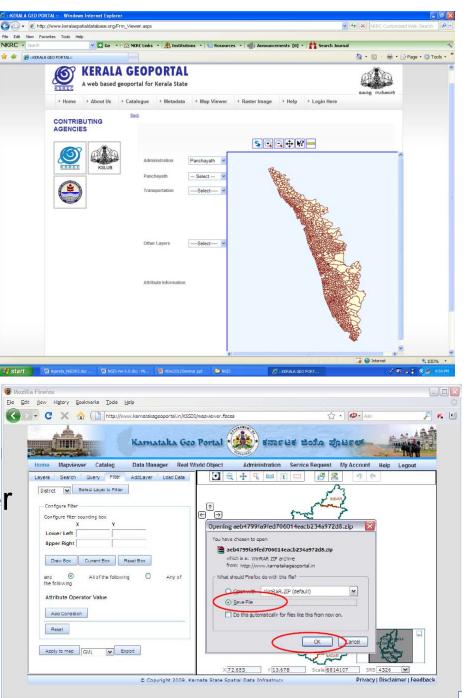
State SDI Initiative

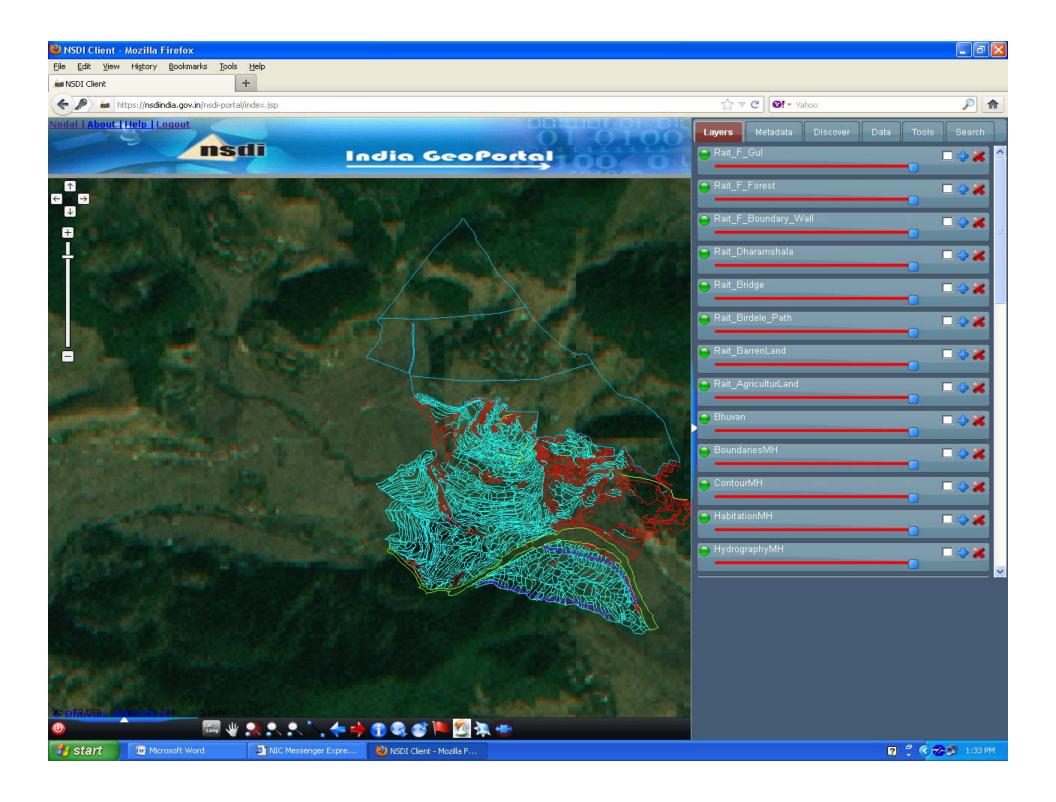
Kerala Geo portal

 Karnataka State Geo Portal

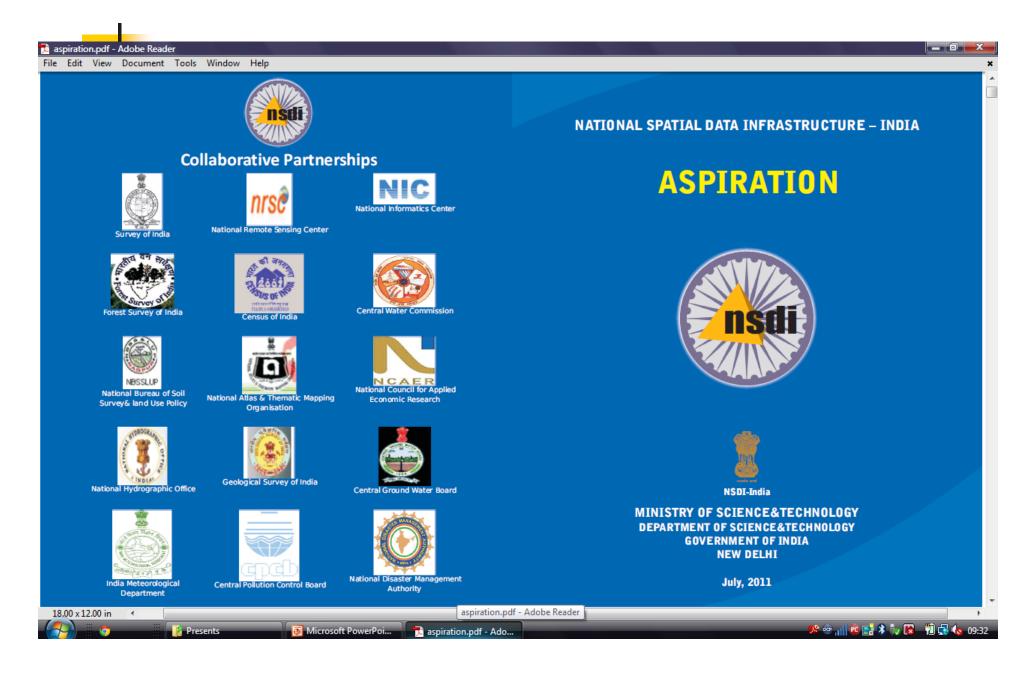
North East SDI Geo Portal

 Other State SDI projects under implementation (West Bengal, Haryana, Uttarakhand, J & K)





NSDI-India Aspiration Document (July 2011)



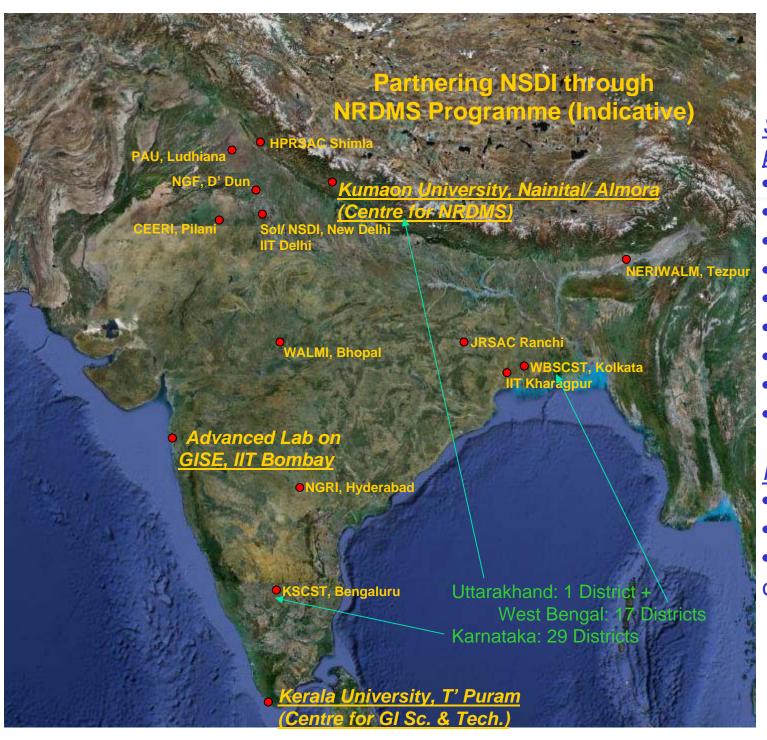


Registry

- Effective use or application dependent on quick find and utilisation of GI
- Two aspects: discovery and metadata
- Registry contains information on resource (service, GI, symbology, metadata etc.) and how to access
- Data/ services distributed over portals should be available in a single (possibly virtual) registry to facilitate use

NDR Portal Features/ India Geo portal upgradation

- Summary/ data dictionary
- Metadata/ Catalogue service
- Data
- History
- Services
- Applications (Internet and mobile)
- Infrastructure (platform)



State Geo Portal prototypes

- Karnataka
- West Bengal
- Uttarakhand
- Kerala
- The North East
- Kerala
- Haryana
- J & K
- NCT of Delhi

R & D Centers

- Kumaon Univ.
- Kerala Univ.
- Advanced Lab on GISE, IITB



Thank you very much!!!!!