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Agenda: Item 6

Korea Land Information Survey Platform: Dynamic Statistical Mapping System for Spatial Decision Making Support ¹

Prepared by Republic of Korea

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¹ This document is being produced without formal editing

KLISP

Korea Land Information Survey Platform

: Dynamic Statistical Mapping System for Spatial Decision Making Support





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- 0. Introduction of NGII & KRIHS
- I . Project Background
- **Ⅱ. Overview of KLISP**
 - ${
 m III}$. Dynamic Statistical Mapping
- IV. Concluding Remarks & Future Work -



NGII, National Geographic Information Institute



Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport



NGII(National Mapping Agency)

6 departments, 112 people

Policy&Plan

General Affairs

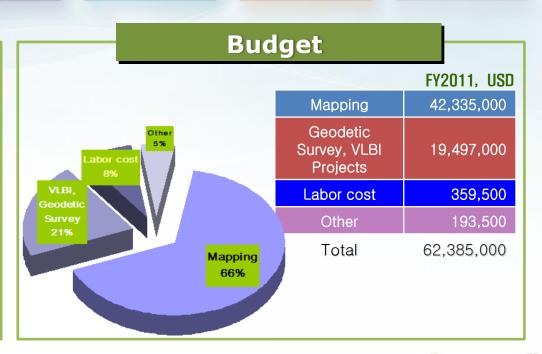
Geodesy

Geospatial Imagery Geographic Information

Reconnaissance for Land

Mission

- To establish Geodetic datum & Geodetic control
- To make National Base map & Geo-spatial Imagery
- Geographical Names, Gazetteers and the related publication
- R&D, International Cooperation
- Dissemination of Products







KRIHS, Korea Research Institute for Human Settlement



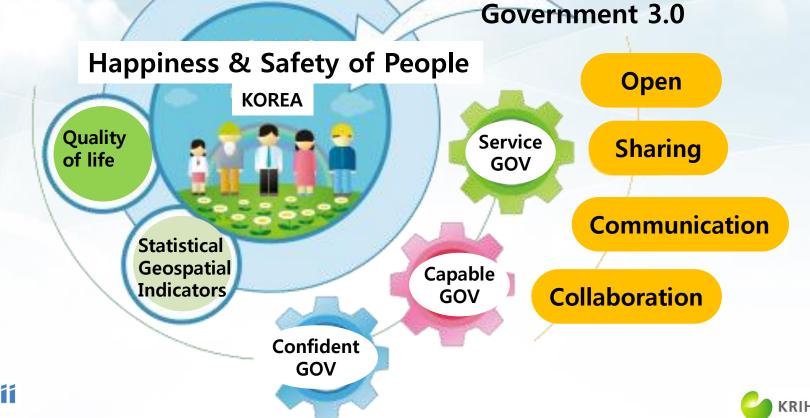






Demand Change[1]...Paradigm Shift in Planning

- Government is committed to establishing National Territorial Policies for Improving Happiness of People
- Opening public big data accelerates the utilization of decision making tools for establishing scientific policies.



Demand Change[1]...Paradigm Shift in Planning

Case of designing overnight bus routing system in Seoul using big data

Optimal routes were designed by harnessing real time population data constructed from the locations of cellphone users at night time.



Demand Change[2]...Easy Map-making by Anyone

New communication channel, community mapping



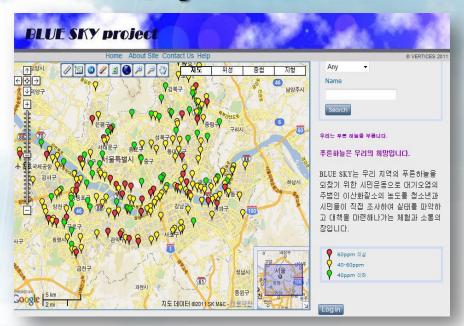
High school students made community map quickly by locating areas running short of gas; this substantially helped decision making for prioritizing gas supply when Hurricane Sandy hit the northeastern U.S.

Dr. Im, Wansoo (Founder and CEO of VERTICES, LLC, The Center for Community Mapping, NGO), an expert of developing public participatory Web GIS based on communicative decision making support system

Demand Change[2]...Easy Map-making by Anyone



Blue Sky



Juveniles and citizens participated in the programs for measuring the concentration of nitrogen dioxide in the air and provided data voluntarily as a result of citizens' campaign for recovering blue sky.

Mapping for Volunteers



Places that are not well known to volunteers are mapped in order to identify where to volunteer. This map was developed by students in Inje University





Improving Survey Method



Producing dynamic spatial statistical information





- Indirect data collection system using periodicals (e.g., statistical yearbook)
- Problematic due to collection error, precision, currency, etc.
- Focusing on producing administrative boundary maps such as province and city/county/district
- Outdated maps are not quickly updated by public providers

- Direct data collection system synchronizing real time changes in areas of interest
- Location-based, rapid map production system with hierarchical, pyramid structures of spatial units
- Dynamic map provision framework to satisfy policy demand and encourage use by prosumers







Act & Organization





Framework Act on The National Land

❖Article 25 Survey of National Land Information

The Minister may survey in advance the population, economy, society, culture, traffic, environment, land utilization and other matters prescribed by the Presidential Decree, when deemed necessary in order to formulate any plans or policies for the national land, or to establish the national land information system, and to prepare the annual report, etc.

Organization

Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport: National SDI Policy



❖ NGII: Producing and Managing of National Spatial Information.



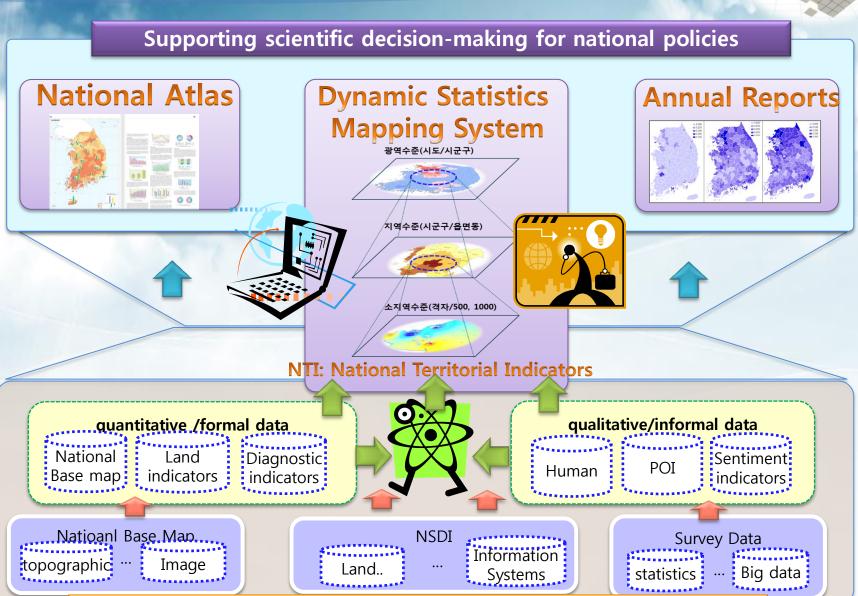
❖ Center for Land Survey DB: Planning and Implement of KLISP



Structure of KLISPlatform

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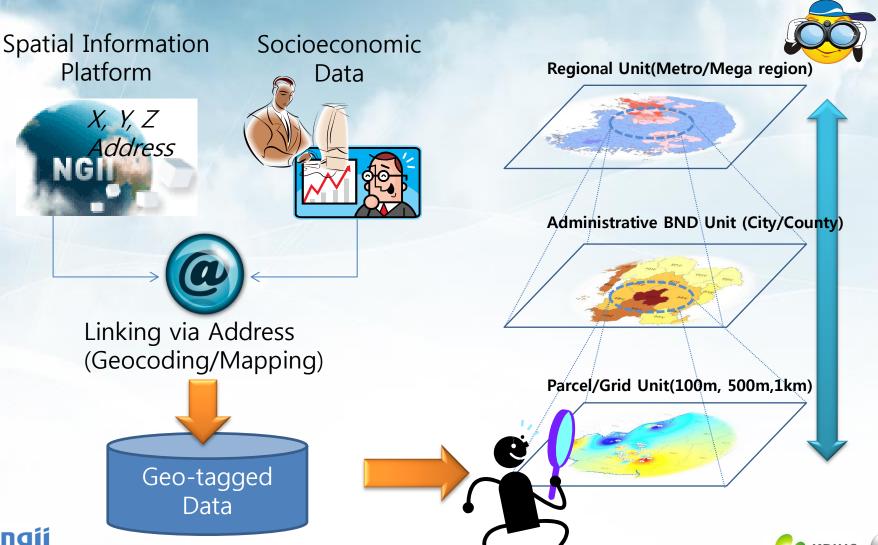
KRIHS

Dynamic Linking Statistical & Spatial Data.



Dynamic Linking

Pyramid of Indicators

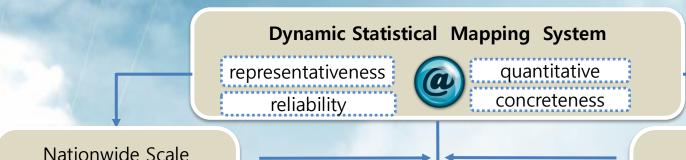


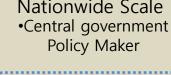


Application of Statistical Mapping

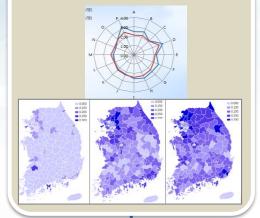


Who and what statistical map targets for?



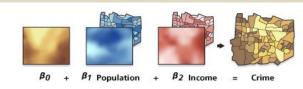


- •National Infrastructure
- •Time serial Social Change
- Competitiveness



Local Scale •City Government, Researcher

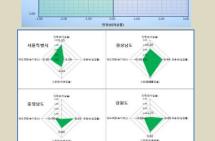
- Facility Accessibility
 Land use Change S
- Land use Change, Spatial Pattern



Monitoring National Capacity

Diagnosis problem area

Regional Scale •Metropolitan Mega Region planner •Inter-regional flow •Regional characteristics



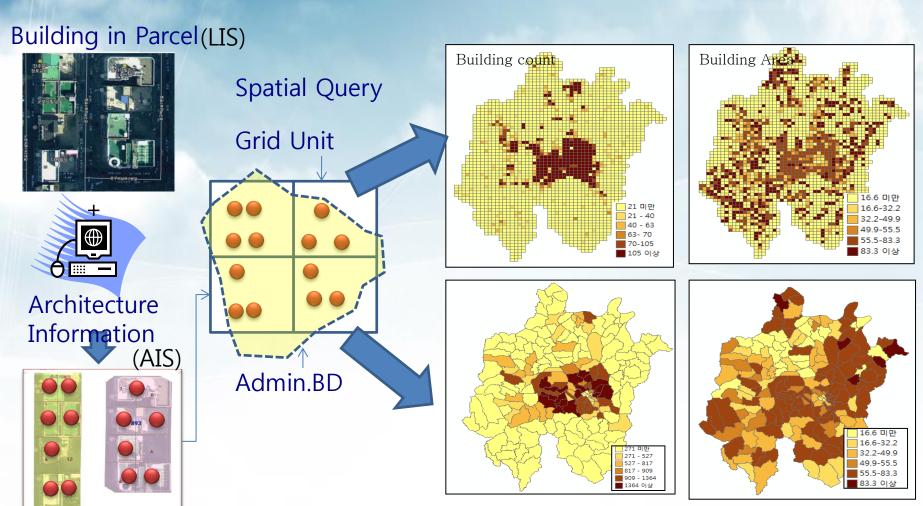




Building Statistical Map (Daejeon Metropolitan Cit.)



Grid-based statistical maps of building locations and related attributes



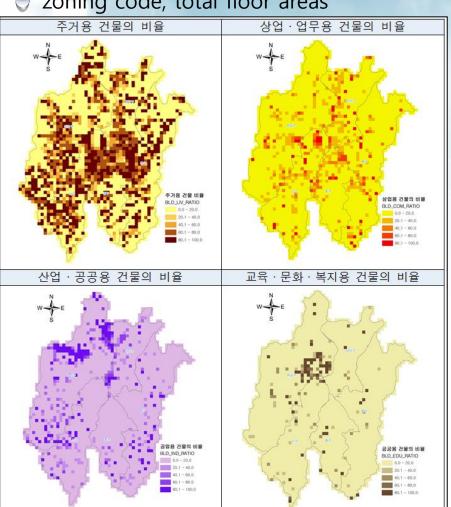
Parcel based Address Matching

Building Statistical Map (Daejeon Metropolitan Cit.)

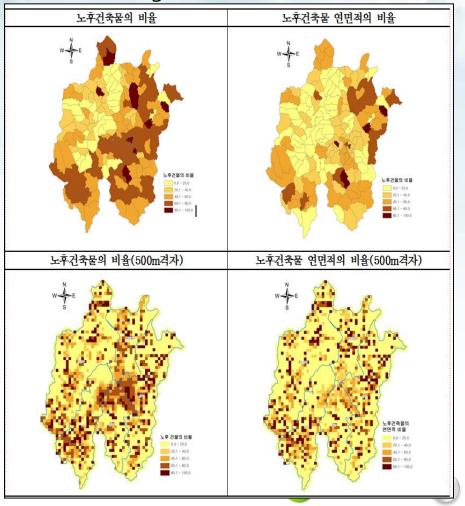


Convenient to understand the distributional properties of buildings by zoning code, total floor areas, old buildings, etc.

zoning code, total floor areas



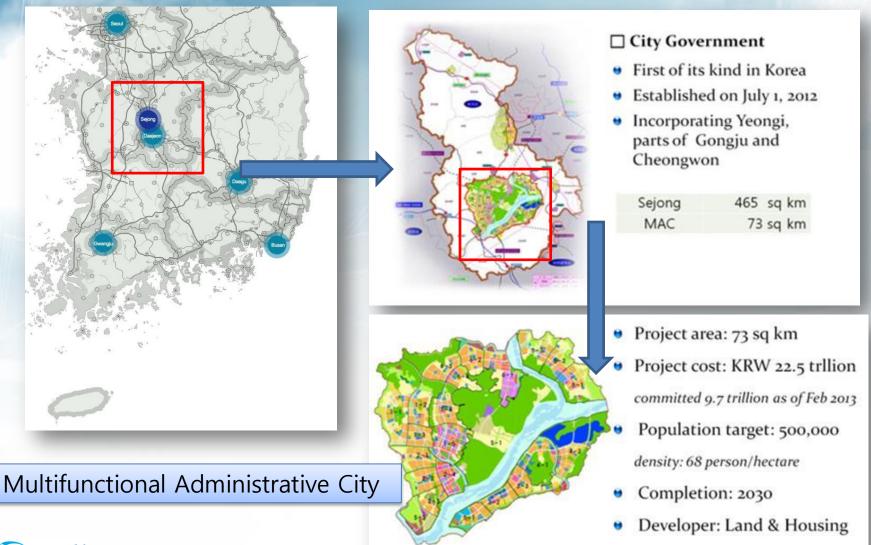
Old buildings, total floor areas



Land price Statistical map(Sejong City)



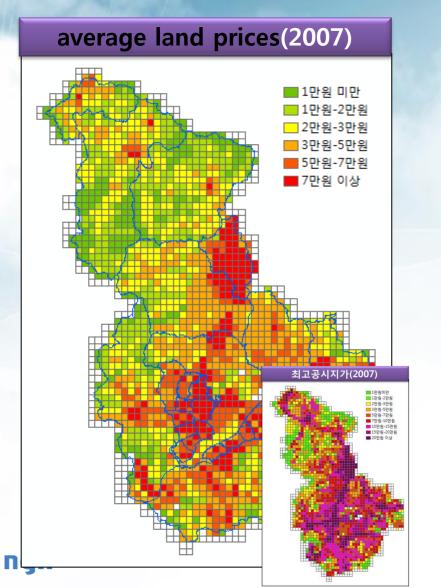


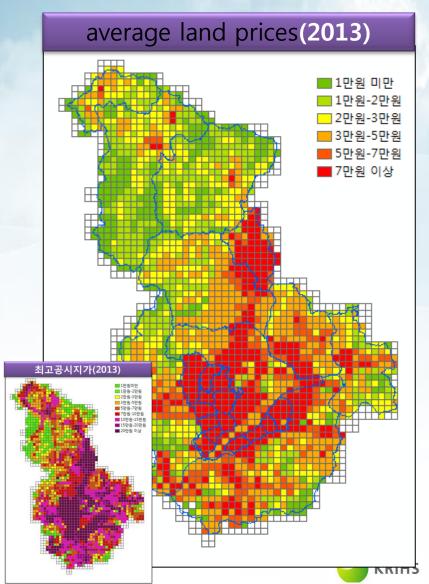


Land price Statistical map(Sejong City)



spatial distributions of average land prices

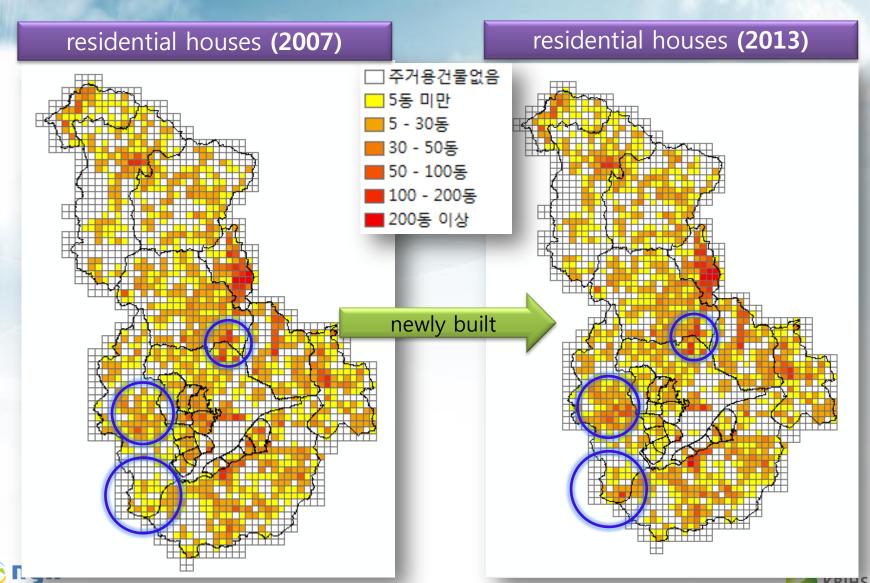




Building Statistical map(Sejong City)



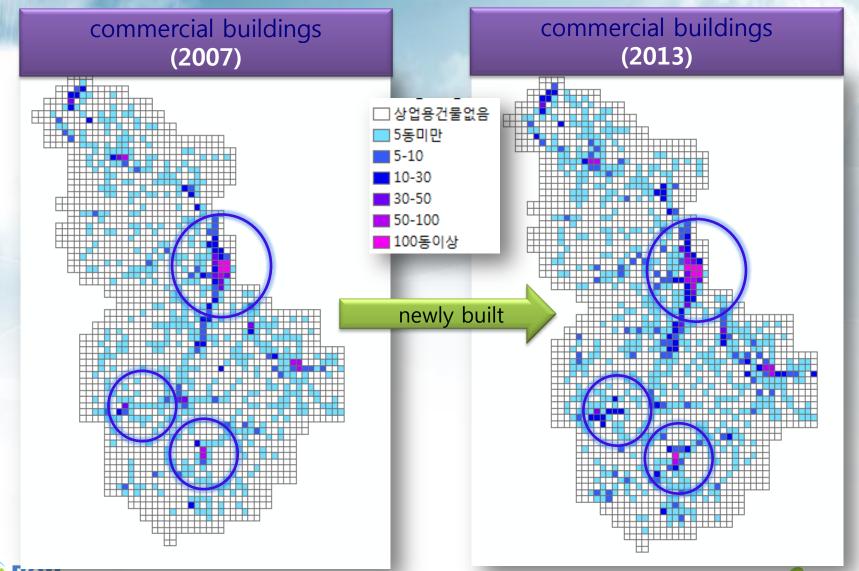
Spatial distributions of residential houses



Building Statistical map(Sejong City)



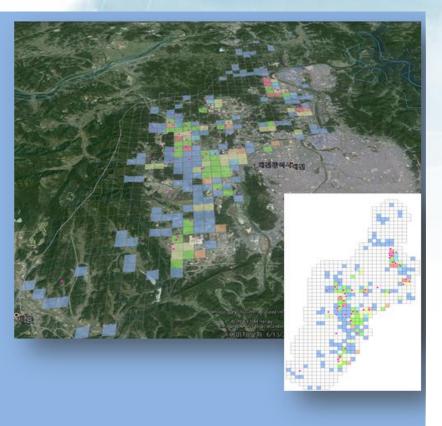
Spatial distributions of commercial buildings



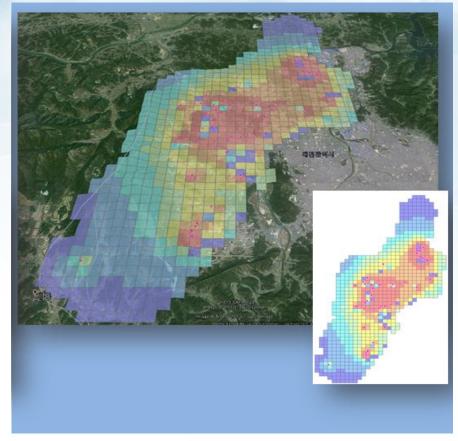
Application of Grid-based Statistical Map

◆ To identify where accessibility to day care are problematic in the sense that the number of day care facilities is relatively smaller in the areas with denser population.

Distribution of infants & children



Insufficient day care facilities





Concluding Remarks and Future Work



Summary

- Address-based linking of heterogeneous data has enabled the dynamic production of statistical maps at a varying range of spatial unit.
- Extending this data-linking framework to other government information systems would further improve the usefulness of land survey information.

Future work

- Standardization of diverse systems for geo-addresses
- Enhancement of the methodological framework for addressbased data matching



Thank you for your attention

