

United Nations Economic Commission for Africa

Geoinformation & Spatial Statistics

Andre Nonguierma

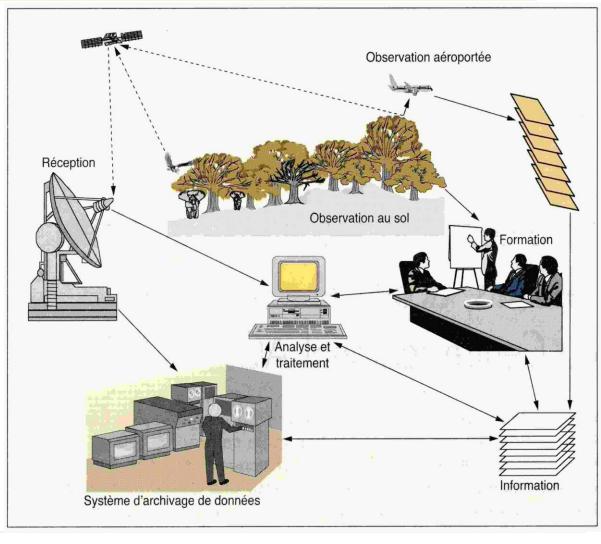


UN-GGIM: AFRICA

GLOBAL GEOSPATIAL
INFORMATION MANAGEMENT

Africa's Geography Nexus Issues

Core Data : Lack of consistency	Poor Mapping Coverage	
	2.5 % of the Continent is Mapped at 1/25.000 (Europe: 86.9%; Russia: 100%)	
Infrastructure & Technology: Lack of Standardisation	Poor Interoperability Non codified rules for data access	
Applications: Duplication of efforts	Several applications build the same datasets Data are not publicized	
Capacity : Lack of critical mass	Recognition & Retention of Professionals	
Governance:	Redundancies	
Lack of dialogue	Poor Coordination	



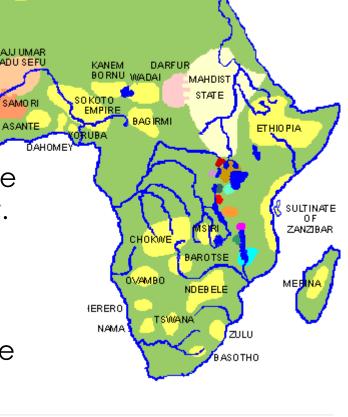
Africa Response: The Durban Statement

That every country identifies its fundamental data sets, from which the consistent regional fundamental data sets should be derived, including geodetic framework, topography, administrative

boundaries, transportation, etc.

That every development project proposal identifies, up front, programmatic arrangements for continuous maintenance of resulting data sets at the end of project.

- That every country develops or adopts mapping standards consistent with international standards
- That mapping activities be prioritized in line with priority needs of Africa

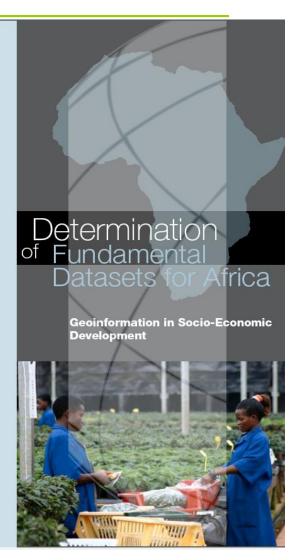


MOROCCO

Africa Initiative: Mapping Africa for Africa

- Initiative to accelerate the rate of geoinformation activities in Africa
- A plan of action to provide the fundamental geo-spatial information for sustainable development in support of regional projects
- Premised on the principle that Africa should be involved, if not lead, the production of maps of Africa
- Based on the Durban Statement
- In collaboration with the International Cartographic Association (ICA) and other global institutions
- Fundamental data sets definition document published
- Ongoing Study : Guidelines for Best practices of FDS

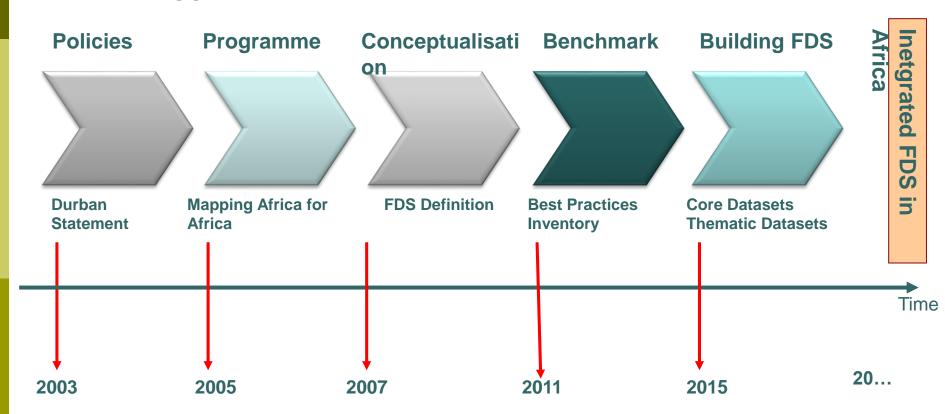




UN-GGIM:Africa : FDS 22/02/2018 Slide 4 of 10

MAfA : Business Model

Phased Approach



UN-GGIM:Africa : FDS 22/02/2018 Slide 5 of 10

What are Fundamental Geospatial Datasets for Africa

Data Theme	Data Set	
Geodetic Control Network	Geodetic control points	
	Height datum	
	Geoid model	
Rectified Imagery	Aerial photography	
	Satellite imagery	
Hypsography	Digital elevation model	
	Spot heights	
	Bathymetry	
Hydrography	Coastline	
	Natural water bodies	
Boundaries	Governmental units	
	Populated places	
	Enumeration areas	
Geographic names	Place Names	
	Feature Names	

Data Theme	Data Set	
Land management	Land Parcels/Cadastre	
units/ areas	Land Tenure	
	Street Address	
	Postal or zip code zones	
	Land use planning zones	
Transportation	Roads	
	Road centrelines	
	Railways	
	Airports and ports	
Structures	Bridges and tunnels	
Utilities and services	Power	
	Telecommunications	
Natural environment	Land cover	
	Soils	
	Geology	

UN-GGIM:Africa : FDS 22/02/2018 Slide 6 of 10

Comparaison with Others

	CODIST	INSPIRE	ANZLIC	UN-GGIM
	Africa	Europe	Au. & NZ	Proposal
1	Geodetic Control Network	Coordinate reference systems	Positioning	Positioning (geodetic)
2	Geographic names	Geographical names	Place names	Names (Gazetteer)
3	Boundaries	Administrative units	Administrative boundaries	Administrative Boundaries
4	Hydrography	Hydrography	Water	Water (Hydrology)
5	Land Management	Cadastral parcels	Geocoded addressing	Address (Buildings)
6	Transportation	Transport networks	Transport	Transport
7	Natural Environment	Protected sites	Land cover	Cadastre (Tenure)
8	Utilities	Addresses	Land parcels	Land Cover (Vegetation)
9	Hypsography	Geographical grid systems	Elevation & depth	Elevation
10	Imagery		Imagery	Imagery (Satellite & photo)
11 UN-GGIM:	Africa : FDS		22/02/2018	Bathymetry (Hydro.) Slide 7 of 10

Africa Efforts : Policies – People - Data

- Policies : (NSDI)
 - Cooperative, multi-stakeholder approach to production, management, and dissemination of spatially enabled data.
- Data: Purpose-oriented datasets
 - Structured and comprehensive data foundation that would be consistent, comparable and compatible at all levels.
- Technicalities
 - Robust geodetic infrastructure
 - Standards to ensure compatibility and interoperability



UN-GGIM:Africa : FDS

Courtesy, K. Lance, 2009
Slide 8 of 10

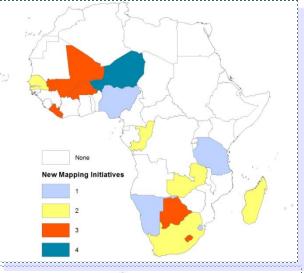
FDS Status In Africa: Mapping Activities

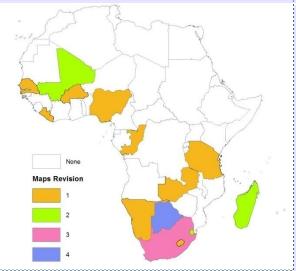
Countrie with New Mapping Initiatives

Botswana, Burkina, Congo, Lesotho, Liberia, Madagascar, Mali, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Senegal, South Africa, Sudan, Swaziland, Tanzania, Zambia



Botswana, Burkina, Congo, Lesotho, Liberia, Madagascar, Mali, Namibia, Nigeria, Senegal, South Africa, Sudan, Swaziland, Tanzania, Zambia





UN-GGIM:Africa : FDS 22/02/2018 Slide 9 of 10

What Next...

Data Centric activities

- Developing a taxonomy of data sets relevant to studying
- Formulating policies relating to Geography and Statistics
- Fundamental geospatial datasets

One Source Spatial Data Warehouse

- Identify existing data and information resources
- Create a metadata clearinghouse
- Upgrade the data and information resources to make their products accessible to the wider user community (online, interoperability, VGI...)

One Source Visualization Facility

 Geospatial portal to integrate all datasets into the African Regional Spatia Data Infrastructure.



Contacting Us...

- United Nations Economic Commission for Africa
- ANonguierma@uneca.org
- http://geoinfo.uneca.org/sdiafrica/
- www.uneca.org



UN-GGIM: AFRICA

GLOBAL GEOSPATIAL
INFORMATION MANAGEMENT

UN-GGIM:Africa : FDS 22/02/2018 Slide 11 of 10