





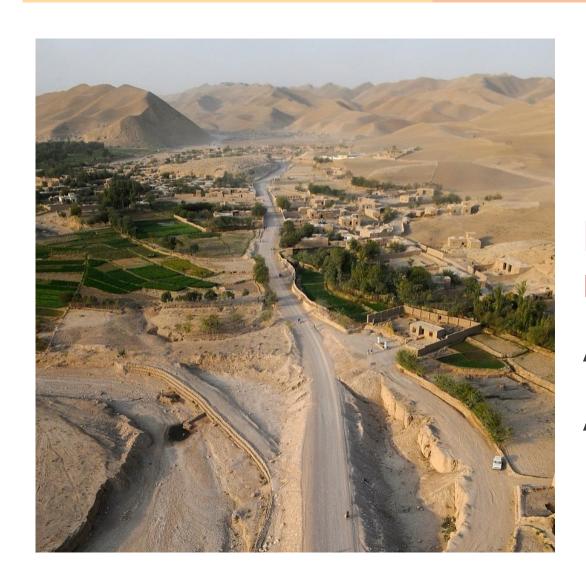




Center for International Earth Science Information Network EARTH INSTITUTE | COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY

### From Afghanistan to GRID<sup>3</sup>







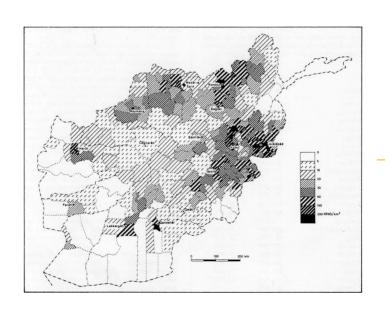


High-resolution population mapping with incomplete data: Applications in Afghanistan

# Afghanistan - Background



Prior to working with GRID<sup>3</sup>, population maps were largely based on estimates



Last national population census was in 1979
Significant uncertainties in national and subnational estimates

1979 Census map

One-third of country covered by a rolling census, but insecurity preventing additional data collection

President Ghani requested exploration of new methods for obtaining subnational population numbers

# Afghanistan - Project Aims



#### The project aimed to:

- Undertake training in geospatial methods for National Statistical Office and other ministries
- Estimate population counts at enumeration area (EA), district, province and national levels and associated measures of uncertainty
- Produce a 100m x 100m gridded population estimates
- Develop estimates of the age/sex structure of the population and associated measures of uncertainty







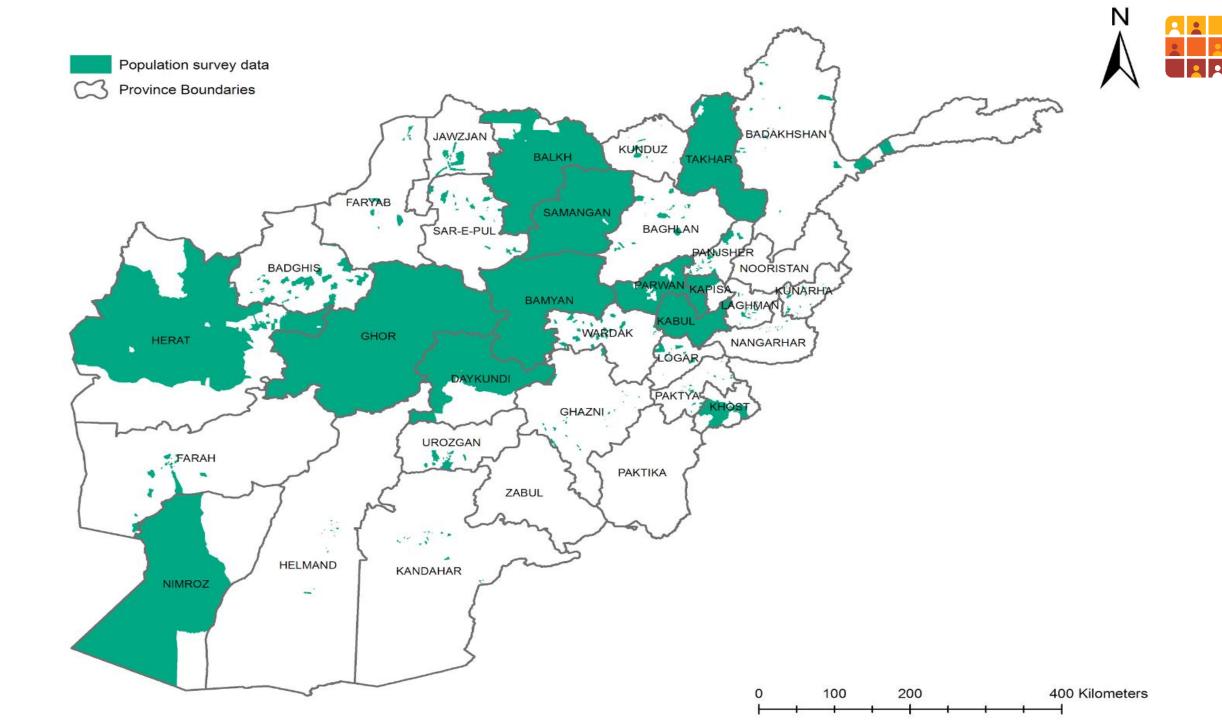
## Model-based estimates - Steps



Population Data

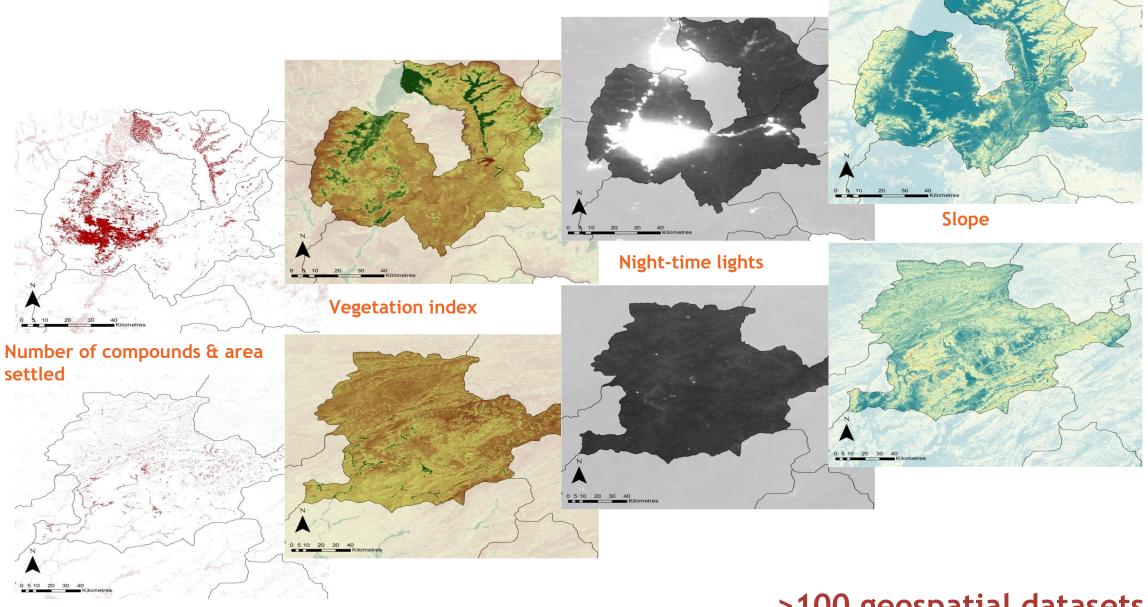
Settlement

Geospatial Covariates





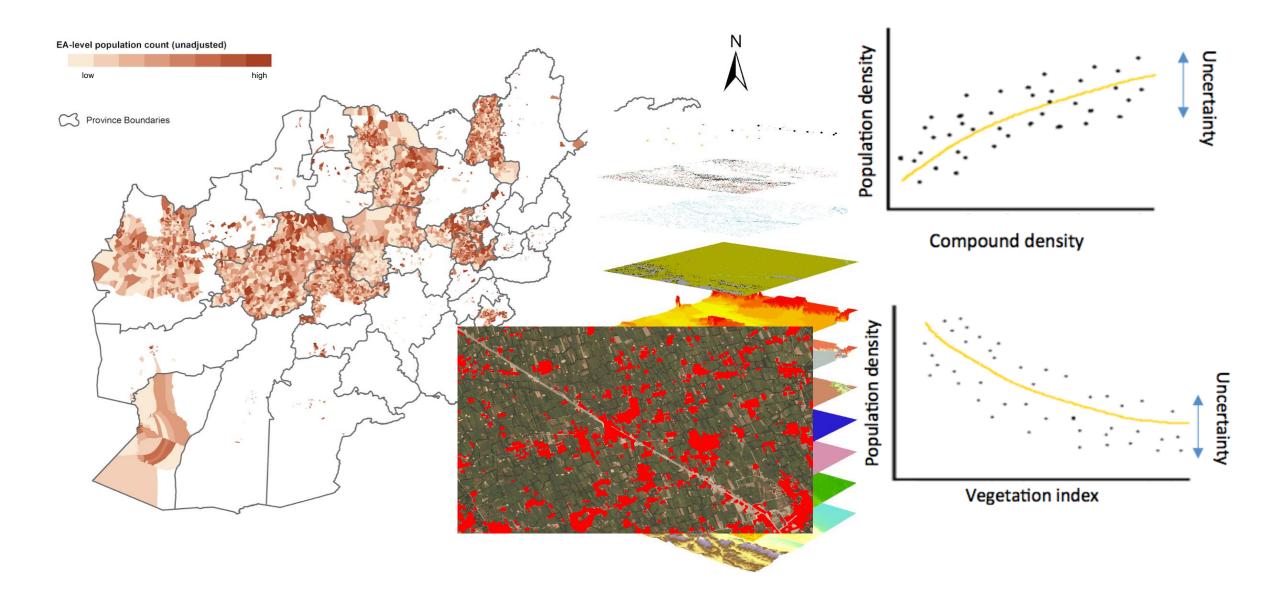


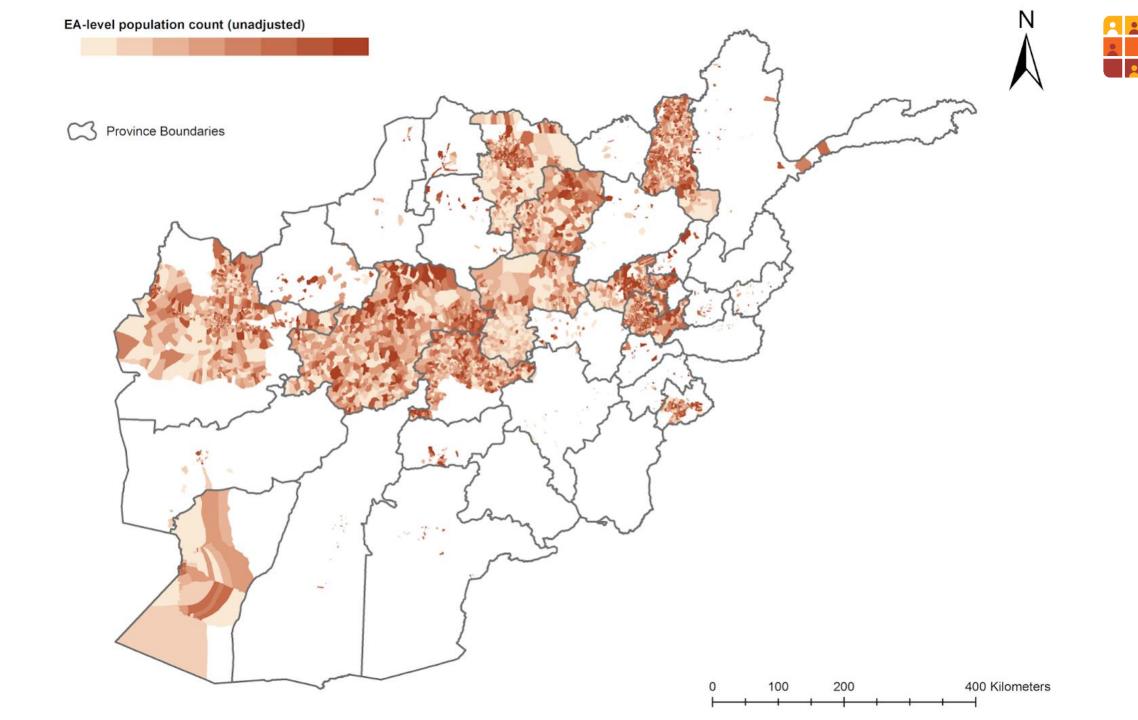


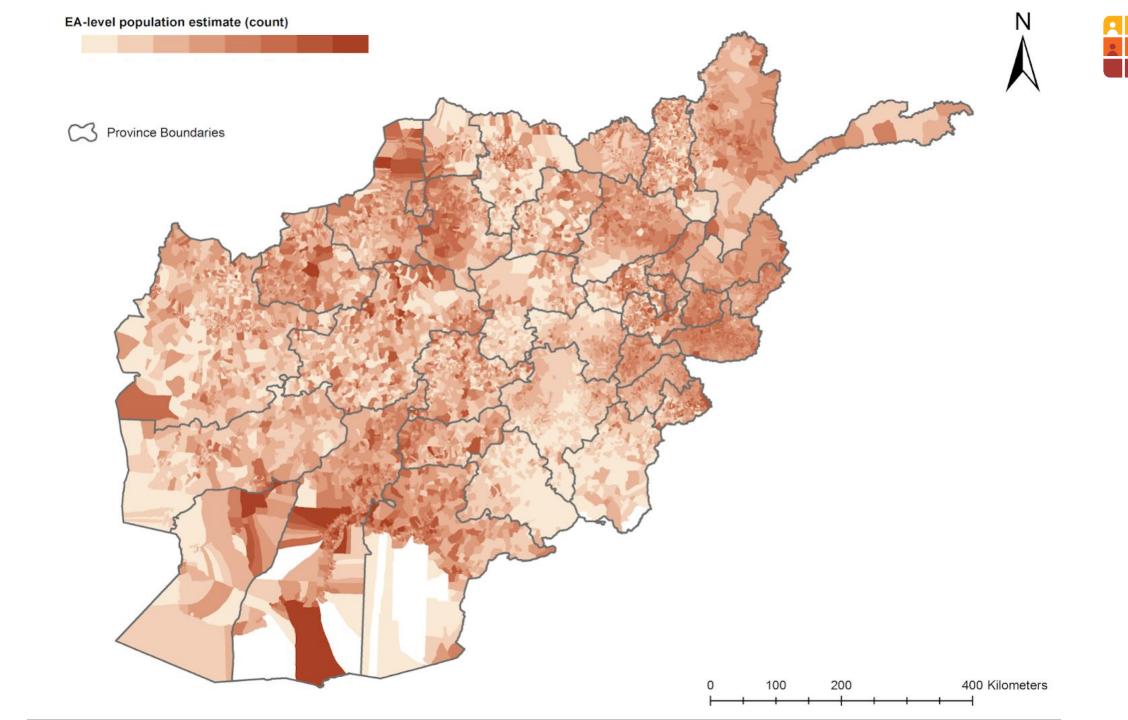
>100 geospatial datasets

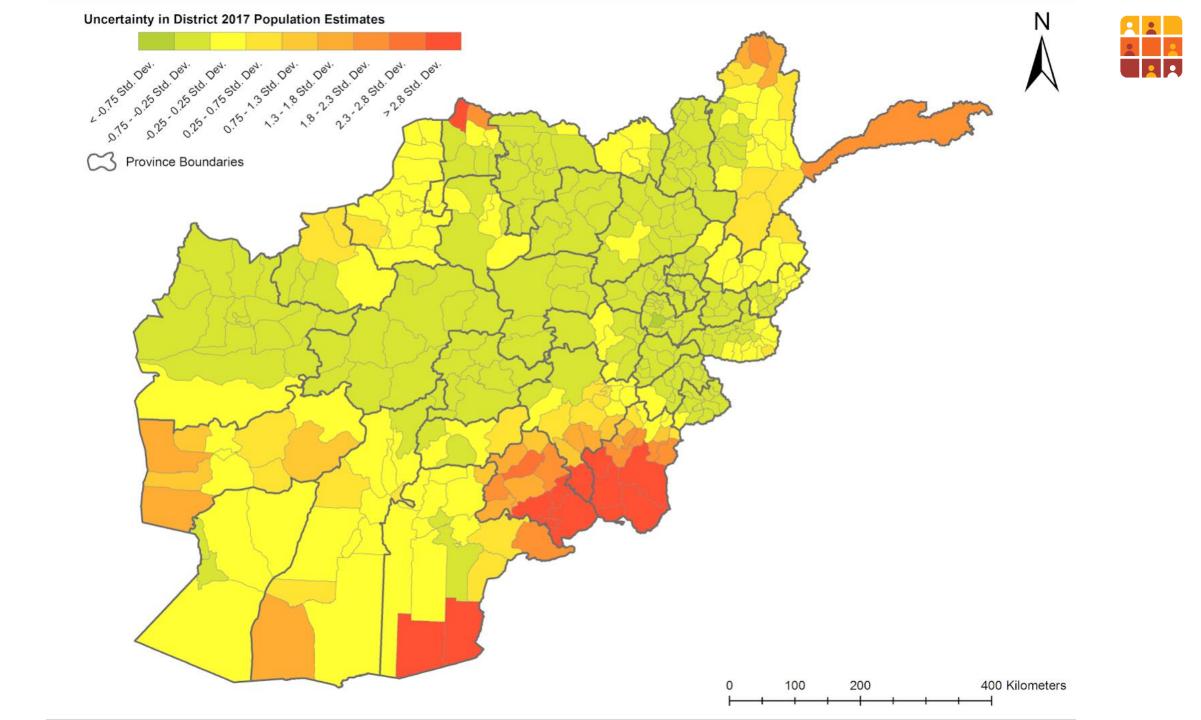


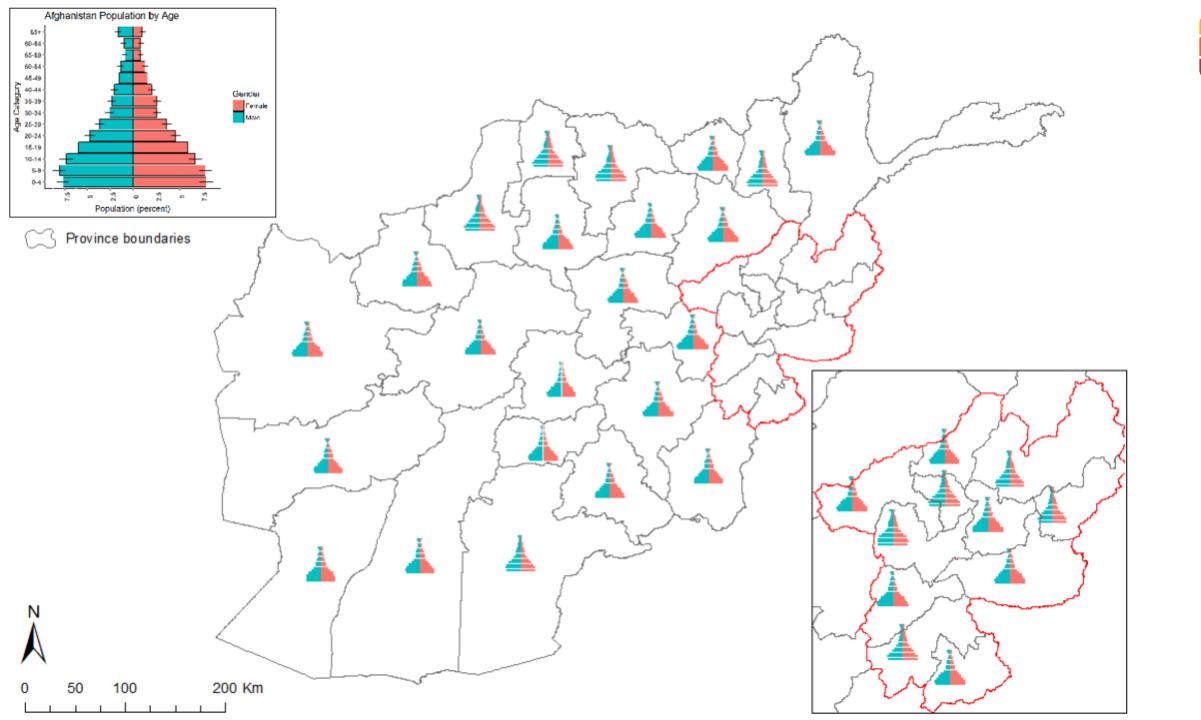
### Model-based estimates - Steps













For more information, contact us: info@grid3.org

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