



# Geospatial and Information and Communication Technologies for the SDGs

**Andrea Manara**  
ITU focal point for Geospatial  
Information Management  
International Telecommunication Union



# International Telecommunication Union



ITU-R (BR): global management of the radio-frequency spectrum and satellite orbits

ITU-T (TSB): develops the technical standards to ensure ICT networks and devices interoperability

ITU-D (BDT): strives to improve access to ICTs to underserved communities worldwide.

General Secretariat: corporate functions and strategic planning

## Membership

- 193 Member States
- Over 900 private-sector entities and academic institutions

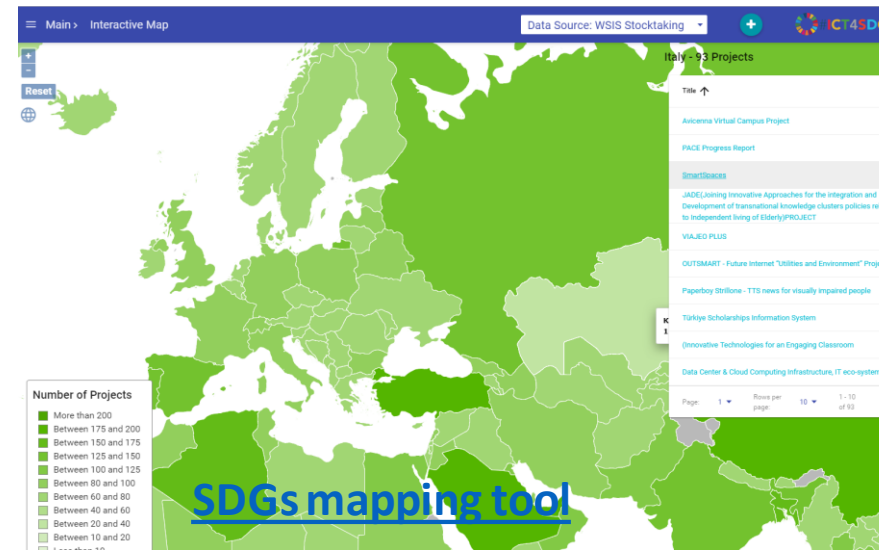


# ITU and the SDGs

## ICTs to achieve the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (ITU Media Center)

### SDG Target 9.c

Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the Internet in least developed countries by 2020





[Ghana](#) is exploring new sources of data—geospatial and call details records from the telecommunication industry.

### [UK report](#) Case study: Innovation in Geospatial Data

Many developing countries lack the up-to-date, local level estimates of population, that are needed to plan services. GRID3 is helping developing countries better understand where populations are distributed, and the location of key features such as roads, hospitals and schools.

In Nigeria... **the use of mobile phone data is now being explored to provide more accurate local level population estimates.**

## ITU Geospatial/telecommunication standardization activities

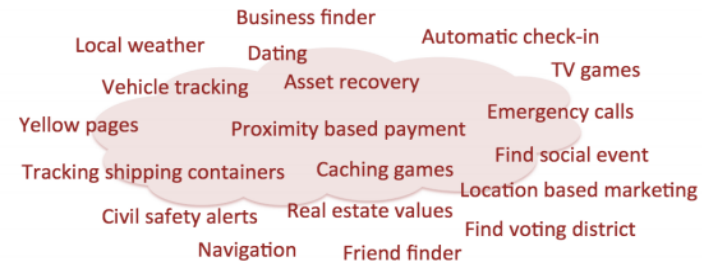
### Q.3615 “Protocol for GeoSMS” (04/2015)

OGC standard

Recommendation which defines the protocol for GeoSMS which is used to encode location information in a plain text message.

Standardization is needed to ensure consistent encoding of location data and the use of well-defined, consistent service interfaces for finding, accessing and invoking Location Based Services (LBS) and associated data

Figure 1: Some of the many LBS applications delivered via the Internet



### [Location matters: Spatial standards for the Internet of Things](#)

ITU-T Technology Watch Report September 2013, report written by OGC staff and members in collaboration with ITU Secretariat.

# Radio frequency spectrum planning and geospatial data

## Radio communication services planning

Coverage determination, interference analyses, international coordination

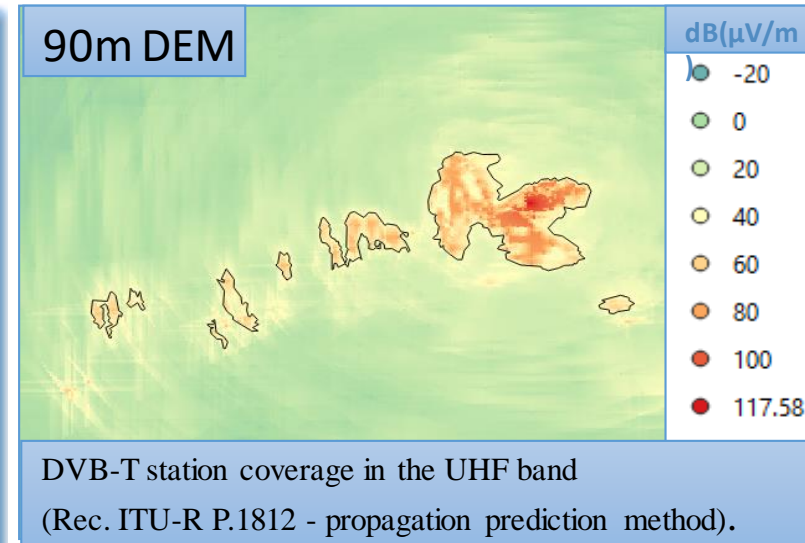
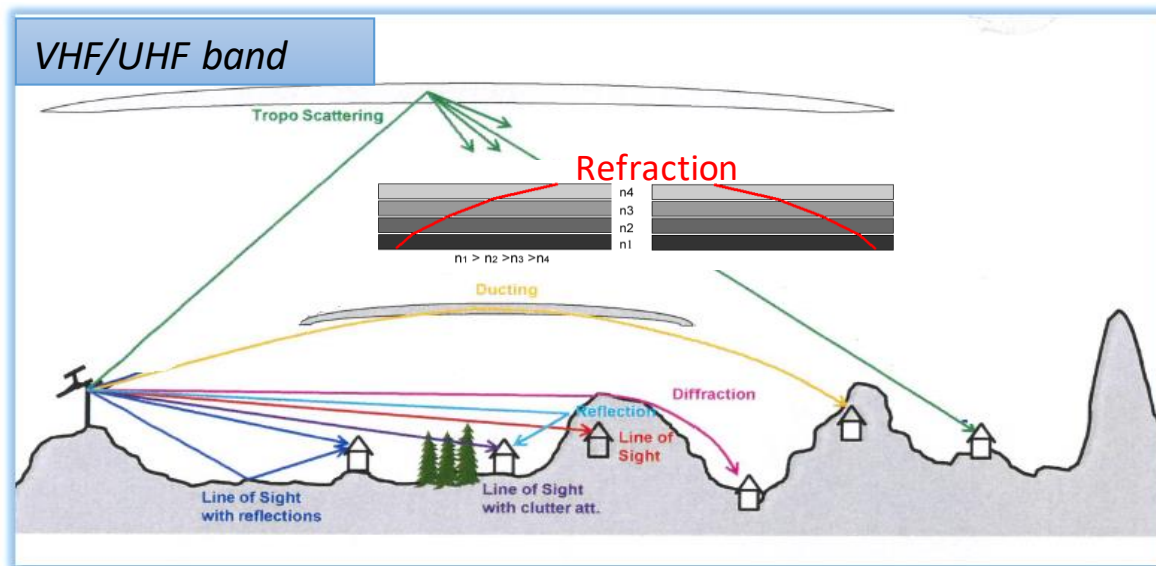


## ITU-R propagation models



## Geospatial data

radio-meteorological data, terrain height and surface features



Resolution [ITU-R 40-4](#) Worldwide database of terrain height and surface features provides guidance on use of DEM - 1 arc second resolution is suitable for planning

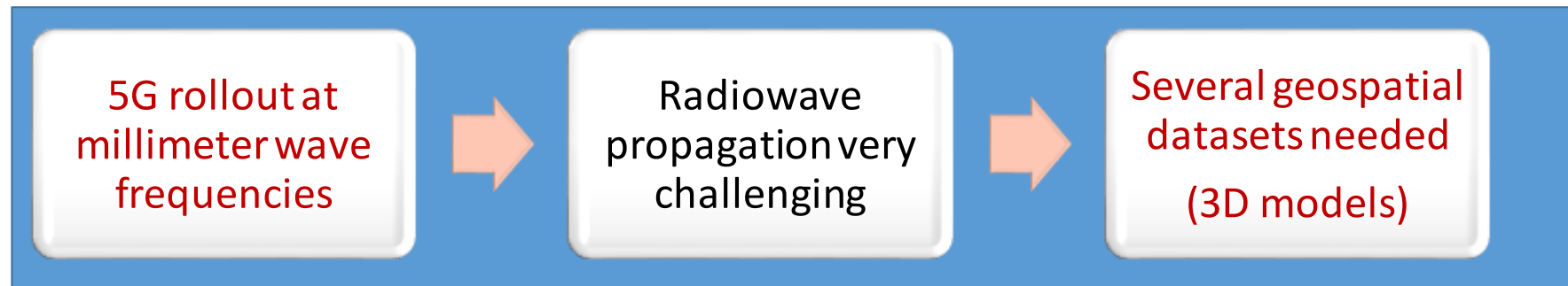


# IMT-2020 (5G) deployment to advance the SDG

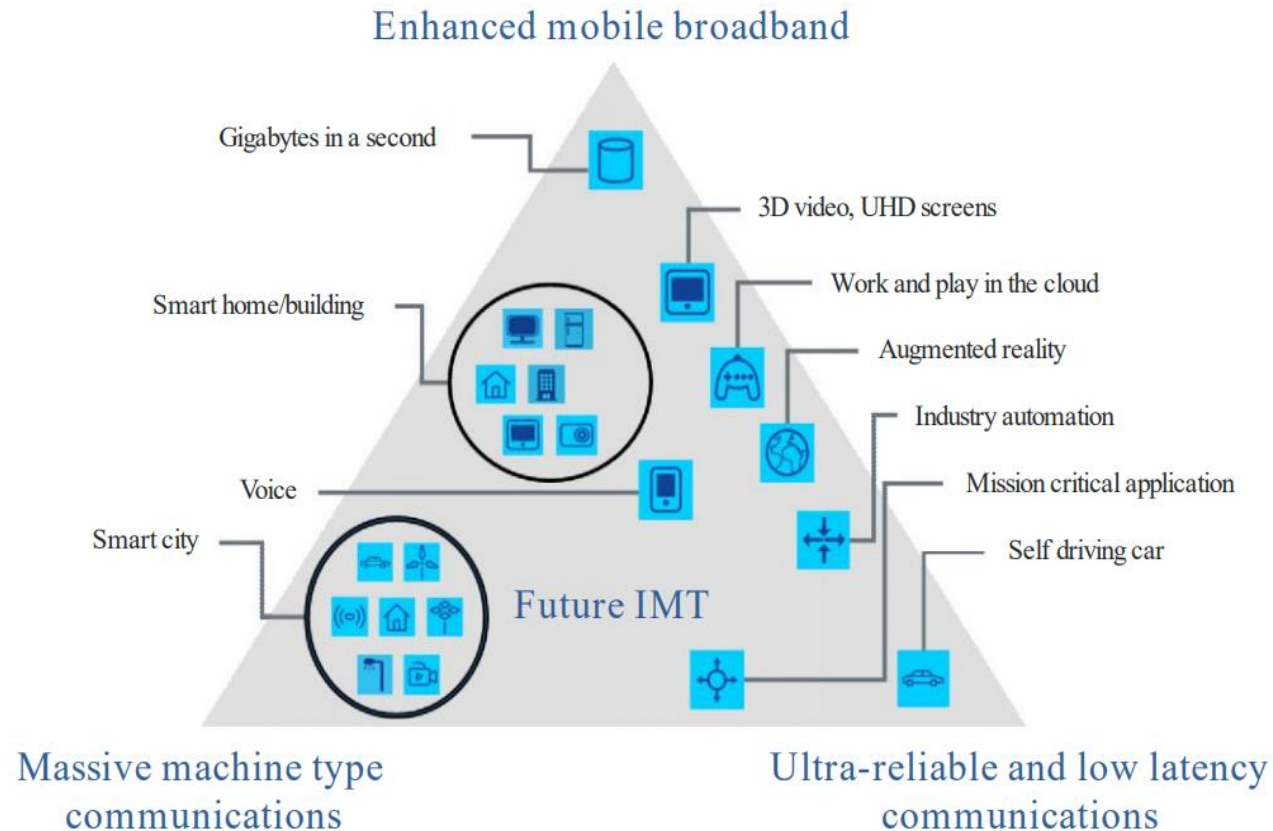


Mobile connectivity continues to transform the lives of billions. More than two-thirds of the global population are now connected to mobile, making it one of the most far-reaching technologies worldwide. For many, mobile is the primary – sometimes only – channel for accessing the internet and life-enhancing services. With its unprecedented scale and growing impact on daily lives, mobile is a powerful tool for achieving the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), helping to reduce poverty, improve healthcare and education, and drive sustainable economic growth.

## Geospatial data critical for efficient and economic IMT-2020 (5G) planning



The fourth industrial revolution needs a telecommunication infrastructure that is stable, secure, reliable and interoperable to support an enormous volume of ICT-based applications and services.



**More frequency bands for IMT-2020/5G to be allocated/identified at WRC-19!**



**Rec. ITU-R M.2083**: IMT Vision – Framework and overall objectives of the future development of IMT for 2020 and beyond.



# Few ITU GIS data/platform/applications...



## ITU Compatibility analyses and propagation on-demand calculation and display services

To assist Member States plan migration to digital broadcasting

African region (2012-2013)

Arab region (2014-2015)

Central America and Caribbean Region (2017-2018)

Rec. ITU-R P.1812 Rec ITU-R P.1546



## Spectrum Management System for Developing Countries (SMS4DC)



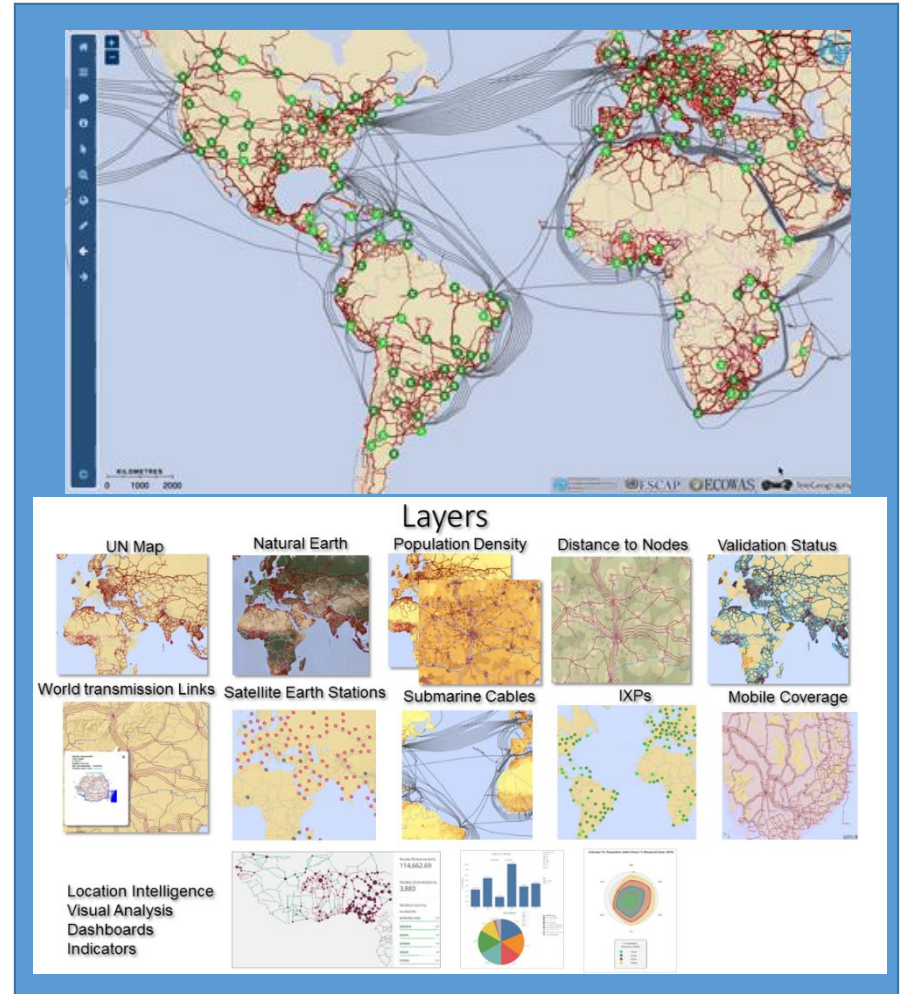
Detailed presentation:

<https://prezi.com/view/cff4SlqWyS9oUUeCWvGf/>



SMS4DC subscriptions

## ITU Broadband Transmission Maps



For more information: <https://itu.int/go/Maps>  
[Detailed presentation](#)





# Conclusions

---

- ITU is at the forefront of the digital revolution that accelerates progress towards every United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)
- Multi-stakeholder partnerships, a core component of ITU's membership and activities, play a key role.
- An intersectorial team was created to deal with Geospatial Information Management in the ITU.
- ITU is contributing to ensure effective collaboration in Geospatial Information Management and ICTs amongst all relevant players to accelerate the progress towards the SDGs



Thank you!

[andrea.manara@itu.int](mailto:andrea.manara@itu.int)



# ITU Study Groups

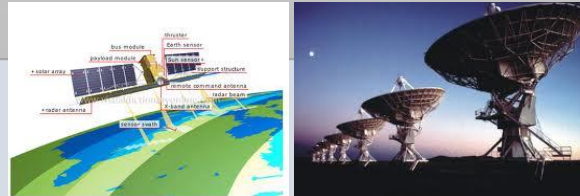
## relevant activities for 5G and sustainable development

### ITU-R

**SG3 Radiowave Propagation:** Propagation models and related geospatial data

**SG5 Terrestrial Services:** Radio Interface Technologies for 5G. Local area networks, broadband wireless access systems. High Altitude Platforms Systems, Intelligent Transport Systems

**SG7 Science services:** i. a. space research (SRS), space operation, Earth exploration-satellite (EESS), meteorological-satellite (MetSat), meteorological aids (MetAids) and radio astronomy (RAS) services



### ITU-T

**SG5 Environment, climate change and circular economy:** environmental performance of 5G equipment.

**SG9 Broadband cable and TV:** distribution of TV and sound programs supporting advanced capabilities

**SG11 Signalling requirements, protocols, test specifications and combating counterfeit products:** define how telephone calls and other calls (such as data calls) are handled in the network.

**SG12: Performance, QoS and QoE:** performance, quality of service (QoS) and quality of experience (QoE)

**SG13 Future networks:** 5G network architecture and network capability exposure

**SG15 Transport, Access and Home:** technologies and architectures of optical transport networks, fibre- or copper-based access networks and home networks

**SG16 Multimedia:** multimedia coding, systems and applications

**SG17 Security:** Security aspects of telecom services, networks, and IoT

**SG20 Internet of Things, smart cities and communities:** IoT technologies for smart sustainable cities

### ITU-D

**SG1** Enabling environment for the development of telecommunications/ICTs

**SG2** ICT services and applications for the promotion of sustainable development



**ITU EVENTS**

# AI for Good Global Summit

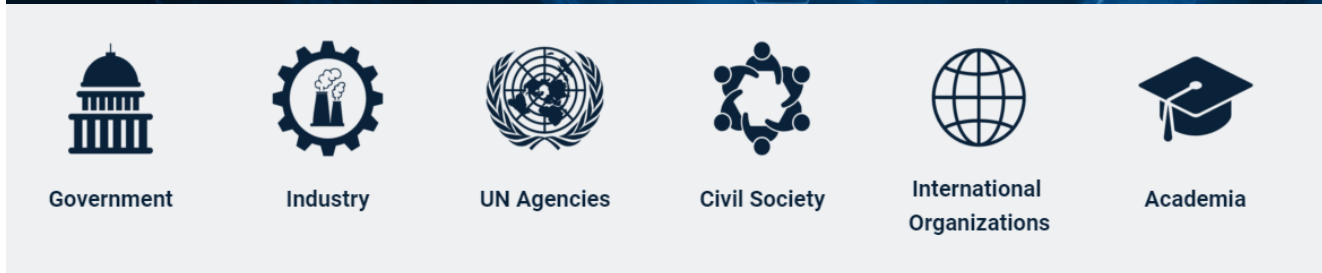
**28-31 May 2019**  
Geneva, Switzerland

*Accelerating progress towards the SDGs*

#AlforGood

In partnership with **XPRIZE** **acm**

Organized by **ITU**



Government Industry UN Agencies Civil Society International Organizations Academia

The 2019 summit showcased numerous artificial intelligence (AI) projects (i.a. education, healthcare and wellbeing, social and economic equality, space research, and smart and safe mobility) with promise to advance all United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

Example project: predicting deforestation before it occurs





## Artificial Intelligence

AI helps deriving meaningful insight from Big Data. ITU organizes the AI for Good Global Summit

[ITU-T Study Group 20](#)  
*Internet of Things, smart cities and communities*

## United 4 Smart Sustainable Cities

UNITED 4 SMART SUSTAINABLE CITIES

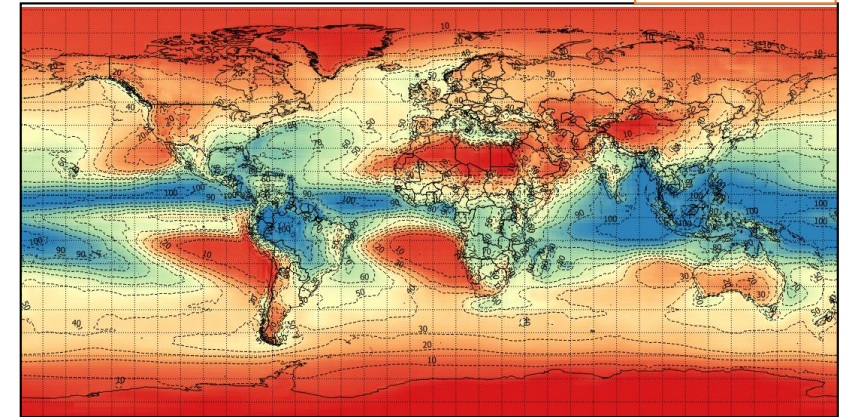


ITU News magazine,  
[Building tomorrow's Smart Sustainable Cities](#)

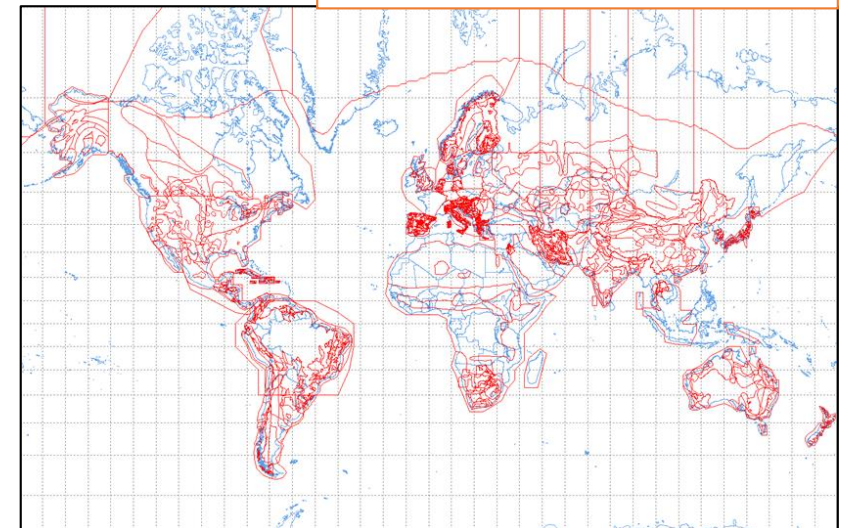
# Geospatial data for spectrum planning

- Radio-meteorological data collected from the Membership, via the ITU-R Study Group 3. This data is needed for the development of propagation prediction methods.
- ITU Digitized World Map (IDWM) database (binary proprietary format) containing geographical data (coastlines, seas, island, and lakes), political data (country borders), radio-meteorological data (rain climatic zones, ground conductivity areas, noise zones, coastal zones, propagation zones and maritime zones defined in the ITU-R Recommendations).
- Terrain database (SRTM3, SRTM1, etc.). **There is no formal agreement of ITU Membership on a specific DEM.**
- Resolution ITU-R 40-4 Worldwide database of terrain height and surface features – provides guidance on use of DEM - 1 arc second resolution

Rainfall rate



Medium-wave ground conductivity





# ITU on-demand online calculation services consuming geospatial data (eTools)



eTools compatibility and propagation on-demand calculation services: instrumental in assisting member states to migrate from analogue to digital broadcasting

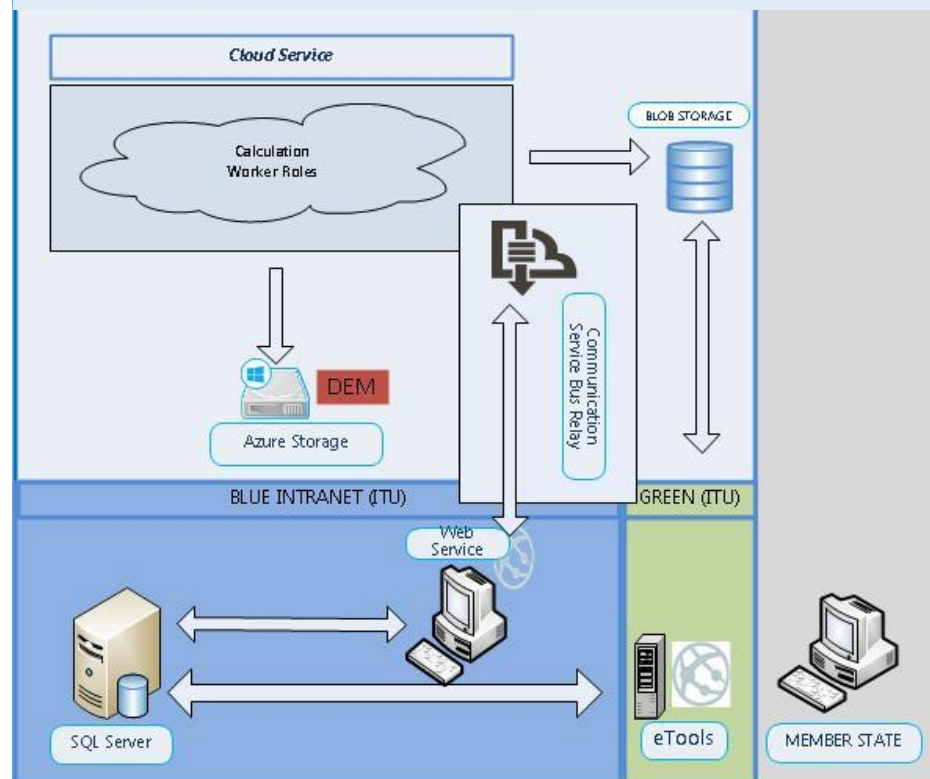
African region  
ATU (2012-2013)

Arab region  
ASMG (2014-2015)

Central America and  
Caribbean Region  
COMTELCA (2017-2018)

## 2013 Pilot project

Propagation model and usage of DEM data  
The main goal of the project was to study the challenges of integrating ITU's on-premises computing facilities with cloud resources, with particular considerations for scalability, data confidentiality and security issues





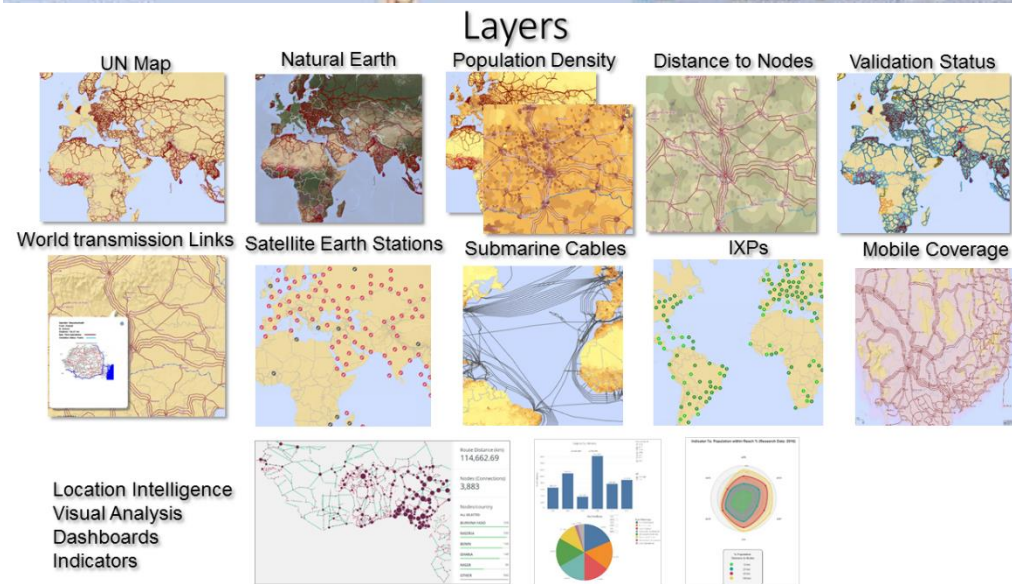
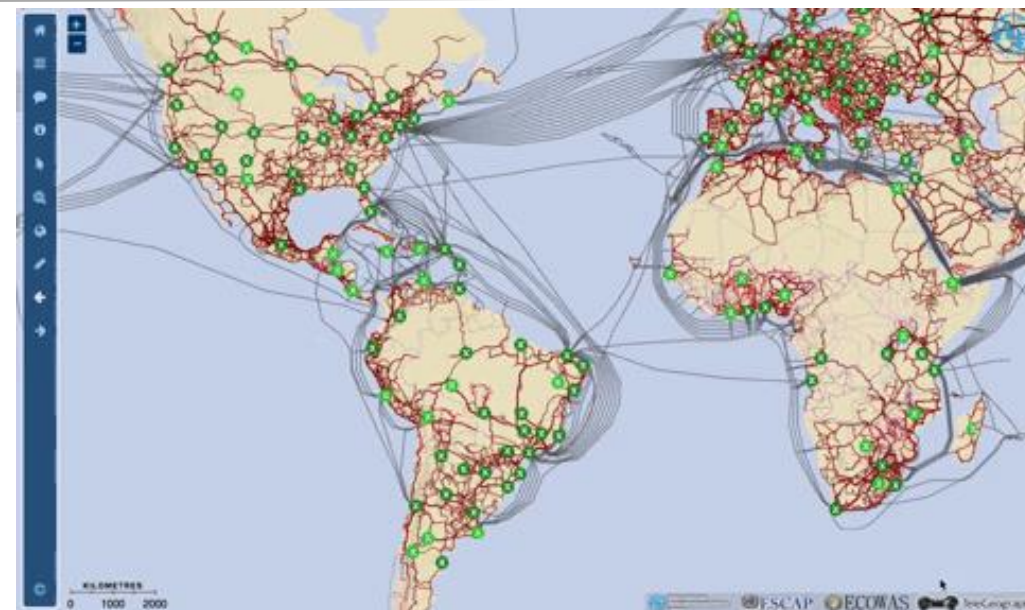
# ITU Broadband Transmission Maps

Lack of network infrastructure is one of the principal reasons ½ of population is unconnected

The ITU Broadband Maps are a GIS platform taking stock of global backbone connectivity (e.g. Optical Fibres) and other key infrastructure metrics

## ➤ Contribution to **SDG 9**:

- Assessing the status of info-highways and identifying connectivity gaps
- Supporting investment opportunities in ICT infrastructure
- Harmonized metrics on ICT infrastructure connectivity data



For more information: <https://itu.int/go/Maps>

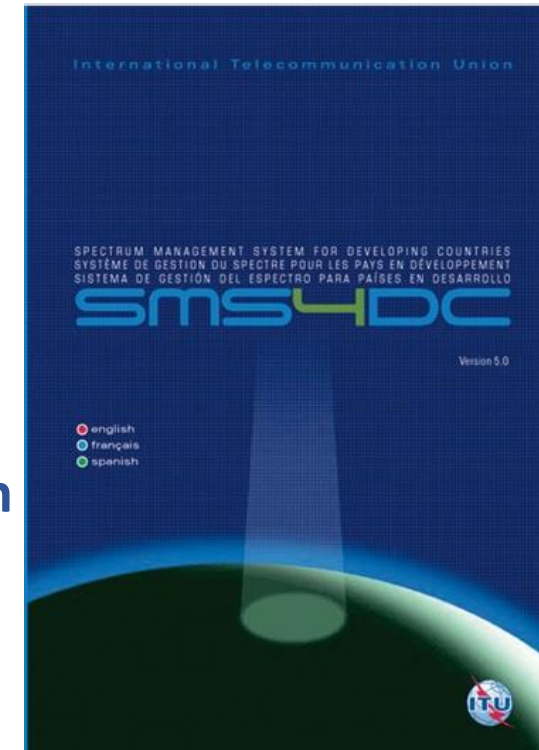
[Detailed presentation](#)





# Spectrum Management System for Developing Countries (SMS4DC)

- SMS4DC is software designed by ITU based on ITU recommendations
- Developed to assist the administrations of developing countries to undertake their spectrum management responsibilities more effectively;
- SMS4DC covers terrestrial fixed, mobile, sound and television broadcasting services in the bands above 30 MHz, including GE-06 as well as frequency coordination of Earth stations
- **Functions of SMS4DC**
  - Administrative Functions
  - Graphical User Interface (GIS) Functions (*including Map Displays*)
  - Engineering Analysis Functions



SMS4DC subscriptions



Detailed presentation: <https://prezi.com/view/cff4SlqWyS9oUUeCWvGf/>