5th High Level Forum on United Nations GGIM, Mexico 2017

Common geographies for dissemination of SDG Indicators

Understanding statistical and geodetic division of territory

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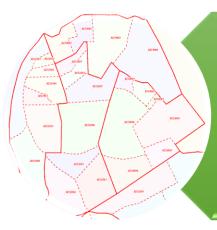


Spatial databases for statistical surveys



Address points database

address points with x,y coordinates



Administrative and Statistical division boundaries

2

- Statistical regions
- Census areas

- In practice they consist the geocoding frame



Benefits from geocoding frames

- Geocoding frames for surveys allows publishing survey results on maps in any spatial division:
 - administrative division
 - statistical division
 - grid
 - any chosen area
- Collecting data in statistical surveys with the precision of XY coordinates will allow a broad use of geostatistical analyses for handling output statistical information.



Point based geocoding allowed a more flexible grouping of data

It also makes possible create a base of spatial microdata enabling carrying out spatial analyses of various phenomena concerning:

- demography e.g. the average distance between children's and parents' residence, commuting to work, school, distance to a hospital,
- urbanisation and planning e.g. useful in determining the boundaries of urban agglomerations, metropolies, and the drawing up of land development plans,
- agriculture and environment (analysing the structure of crops, environmental pollution),
- the economy e.g. analysing the effects of burdensome road and industry investments.

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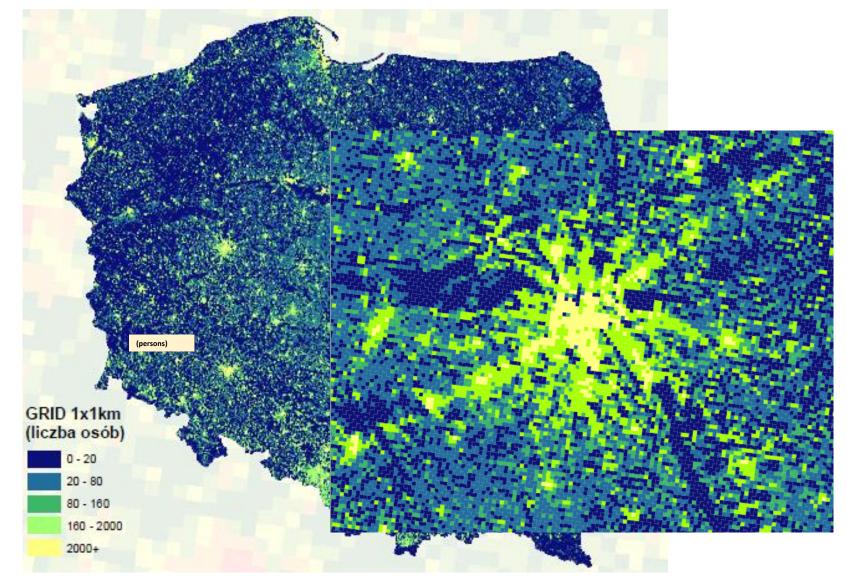
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Demographic data in 1 km² grid – population distribution

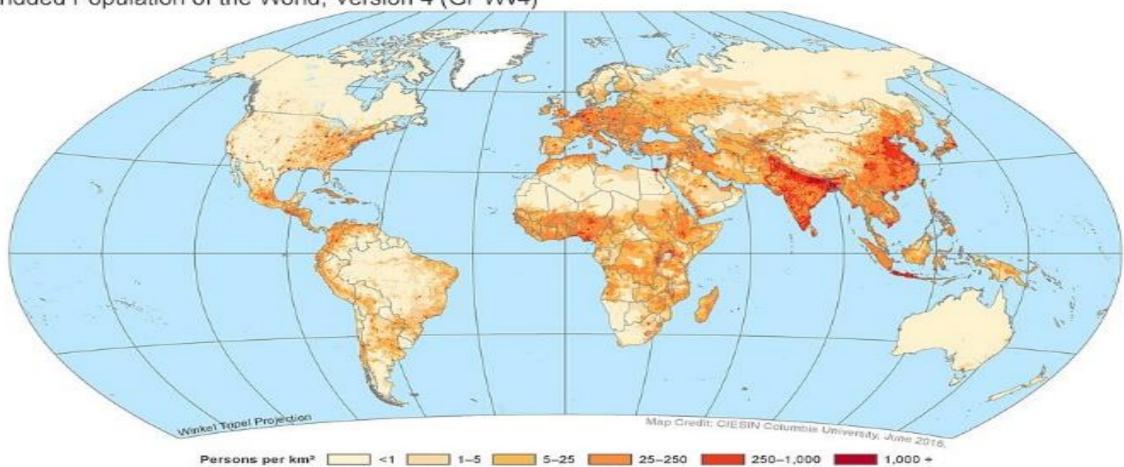






Population Density Grid, 2015: Global

Gridded Population of the World, Version 4 (GPWv4)



Gridded Population of the World, Version 4 (GPWv4) Population Density consists of estimates of human population density based on counts consistent with national censuses and population registers, for the years 2000, 2005, 2010, 2015, and 2020. A proportional allocation gridding algorithm, utilizing approximately 12.5 million national and sub-national administrative units, is used to assign population values to 30 arc-second (~1 km) grid cells. The population density grids are derived by dividing the population count grids by the land area grids. The pixel values represent persons per square kilometer.

Center for International Earth Data Source: Center for International Earth Science Information Network - CIESIN - Columbia University. 2016. Gridded Population of the World. Version 4 (GPWw4): Science Information Network Population Density Palisades, NY: NASA Socioeconomic Data and Applications Center (SEDAC). http://dx.doi.org/10.7927/H4NP22DQ. Event Isomery IColumns Using and Columns Using and Columns Center (SEDAC).

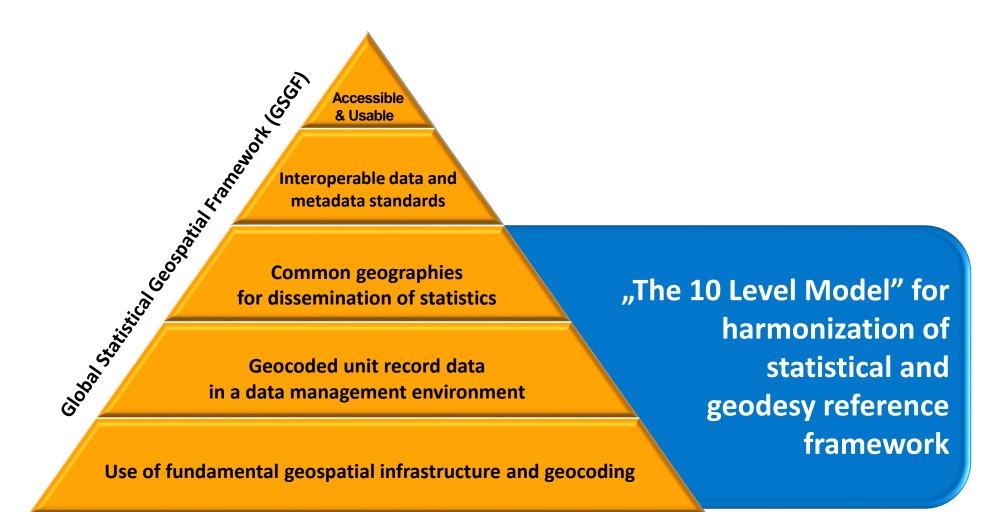
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Global Statistical Geospatial Framework (GSGF) and "The 10 level model"



"The 10 Level Model" for harmonization of statistical and geodesy reference framework

Geodetic System	Layers (suitable for geocoding)	Statistical System	
÷	NUTS1 - Administrative level 1	+	
+	NUTS2 - Administrative level 2	+	
÷	NUTS3 - Administrative level 3	+	
÷	LAU1 - Administrative level 4	+	
•	LAU2 - Administrative level 5	-	
Cadastral units Cadastral parcels	INDIVIDUAL UNITS level 6	Statistical regions Enumaration areas	
÷	POLYGON level 7	?	
?	GRID level 8	+	
÷	LINE level 9	?	
÷	POINT level 10	+	

Geodetic System	Layers (suitable for geocoding)	Statistical System
+	NUTS1 - Administrative level 1	+
+	NUTS2 - Administrative level 2	+
+	NUTS3 - Administrative level 3	+
+	LAU1 - Administrative level 4	+
+	LAU2 - Administrative level 5	+
Cadastral units Cadastral parcels	INDIVIDUAL UNITS level 6	Statistical regions Enumaration areas
	POLYGON level 7	
	GRID level 8	
	LINE level 9	
+	POINT level 10	+

I. ADMINISTRATIVE LEVELS (level 1-5)

- From the point of view of data synchronization those layers are treated equally by both systems.
- Data collected in geodesy and through statistical service are referenced to the same geometry that is already established usually by Mapping Agency (MA).
- It is possible to use this geometry for the process of geocoding statistics.

Geodetic System	Layers (suitable for geocoding)	Statistical System
	NUTS1 - Administrative level 1	
	NUTS2 - Administrative level 2	
	NUTS3 - Administrative level 3	
	LAU1 - Administrative level 4	
÷	LAU2 - Administrative level 5	÷
Cadastral units Cadastral parcels	INDIVIDUAL UNITS level 6	Statistical regions Enumaration areas
+	POLYGON level 7	2
?	GRID level 8	
	LINE level 9	
	POINT level 10	

2. INDIVIDUAL UNITS FOR INTERIOR PUPRPOSES (level 6)

- There are the cadastral units and cadastral parcels in geodesy and the statistical regions and enumeration areas in statistics.
- Harmonization causing some problems because statistics used statistical units so commonly and unfortunately geodesy don't use such division of space, prefer own cadaster system.
- The main problem arises in case of phenomena which relate to the other ranges than the one mentioned above environmental and cross borders phenomena

Geodetic System	Layers (suitable for geocoding)	Statistical System
+	NUTS1 - Administrative level 1	+
	NUTS2 - Administrative level 2	+
	NUTS3 - Administrative level 3	+
	LAU1 - Administrative level 4	+
+	LAU2 - Administrative level 5	+
Cadastral units Cadastral parcels	INDIVIDUAL UNITS level 6	Statistical regions Enumaration areas
÷	POLYGON level 7	?
2	GRID level 8	+
	LINE level 9	?
+	POINT level 10	+

3. POLYGON (level 7)

- In geodesy the polygonal layer is commonly used.
- In case of environmental phenomena their polygonal ranges are quite problematic to identify due to difficulties in determining the location of its phenomena in space.
- Such badly standardized layer would be characterized by a huge variability and also diversity of surveyed polygons.
- Consequently for statistical purposes it would become confusing over time and useless for statistical analysis and comparisons.

Geodetic System	Layers (suitable for geocoding)	Statistical System
+	NUTS1 - Administrative level 1	+
	NUTS2 - Administrative level 2	-
	NUTS3 - Administrative level 3	-
	LAU1 - Administrative level 4	+
+	LAU2 - Administrative level 5	+
Cadastral units Cadastral parcels	INDIVIDUAL UNITS level 6	Statistical regions Enumaration areas
	POLYGON level 7	?
?	GRID level 8	+
+	LINE level 9	?
	POINT level 10	-

4. GRID (level 8)

- Kind of compromise that leads to a good solution is the idea to use grid as a special type of the polygon.
- Such standardization of a polygon ensures grid with appropriately selected mesh.
- The problem is that the GRID objects should be generally introduced into the existing geodetic system it is a challenge!.
- But this step guarantees the proper development of the correct geocoding environmental phenomena presented in statistics.
- One kilometer grid is currently used in statistics mainly for the population data presentation and publication.

Geodetic System	Layers (suitable for geocoding)	Statistical System
+	NUTS1 - Administrative level 1	+
	NUTS2 - Administrative level 2	
	NUTS3 - Administrative level 3	
	LAU1 - Administrative level 4	+
+	LAU2 - Administrative level 5	+
Cadastral units Cadastral parcels	INDIVIDUAL UNITS level 6	Statistical regions Enumaration areas
+	POLYGON level 7	?
?	GRID level 8	+
+	LINE level 9	?
+	POINT level 10	+

5. LINE (level 9)

- Geodetic data are presented using linear objects.
- In statistics there are no surveys that could be presented using this type objects.
- The possibility of creating linear statistics will appear in the near future and it will allow for simple connection between linear statistical data with geometry offered by geodesy (linear geocoding) to e.g. transport, waterways or linear investments.

Geodetic System	Layers (suitable for geocoding)	Statistical System
+	NUTS1 - Administrative level 1	+
	NUTS2 - Administrative level 2	
	NUTS3 - Administrative level 3	
	LAU1 - Administrative level 4	
+	LAU2 - Administrative level 5	
Cadastral units Cadastral parcels	INDIVIDUAL UNITS level 6	
+	POLYGON level 7	
?	GRID level 8	
+	LINE level 9	?
÷	POINT level 10	+

6. POINT (level 10)

- At the lowest level of geocoding, in both systems, points reflecting the spatial position are functioning, usually in the form of x, y coordinates.
- In this area the fastest progress in the field of cooperation between statistical and geodesy services is observed.
- The reason is that in the last census most countries successfully used geometry of the address points and science that time it become an important link between statistical and spatial data (precise point geocoding).
- Unfortunately, it is not useful to geocode the environmental phenomena much better is GRID.

"The 10 Level Model" for harmonization of statistical and geodesy reference framework

Conclusion:

The question marks in the proposed model (lack of grid on the geodesy side and lack of linear objects on statistical side) should be the subject of intensive works in order to break down existing barriers and as a starting point to make practical progress in the methodology of combining spatial data with statistical data, with particular emphasis the specifics of environmental on phenomena.

Geodetic System	Layers (suitable for geocoding)	Statistical System	
+	NUTS1 - Administrative level 1	+	
+	NUTS2 - Administrative level 2	÷	
+	NUTS3 - Administrative level 3	÷	
+	LAU1 - Administrative level 4	÷	
+	LAU2 - Administrative level 5	+	
Cadastral units Cadastral parcels	INDIVIDUAL UNITS level 6	Statistical regions Enumaration areas	
+	POLYGON level 7	?	
?	GRID level 8	÷	
+	LINE level 9	?	
+	POINT level 10	+	



Merging statistics and geospatial information in Member States

Common aim of geo-statistical researches:

To development of a geo-statistical division framework for official statistics with respect to the geodetic division of the country and needs of statistics - related to survey sampling and quality assurance of final statistical product including SDG indicators.



Merging statistics and geospatial information in Member States -



The statistical division (statistical regions, census enumeration areas)

The cadastral division (cadastral units)

Consistency!

Quality assessment of geospatial registers

Quality assessment is conducted separately for each register, taking into account its possible use in a given survey.

The methodology of assessing register quality covers three areas:

- I. General information about the register,
- 2. Information about the register quality,
- 3. Information about the quality of register data, i.e spatial data

Assessing the quality of register data

Two criteria:

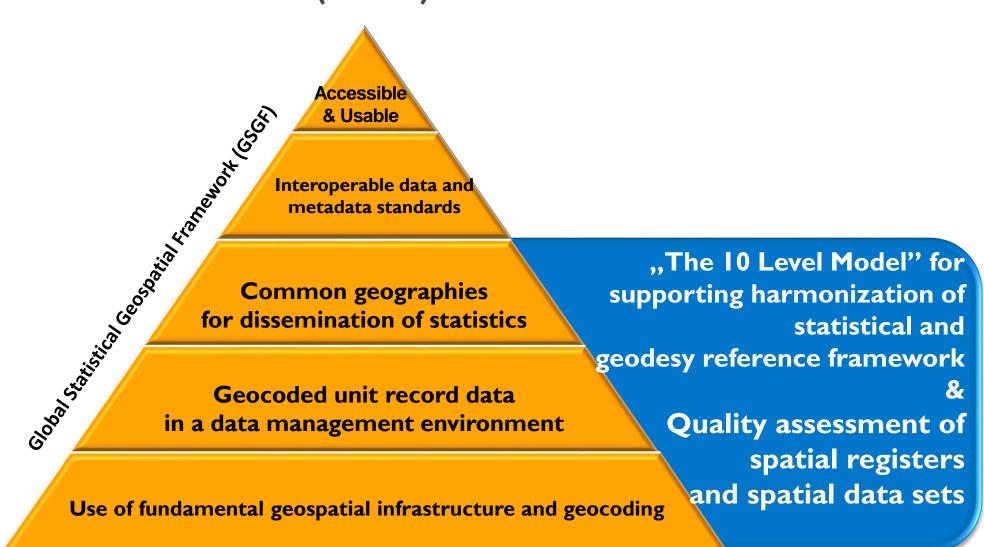
- Accuracy indicates the extent to which the register reflects real values including coverage.
- Comparability indicates the degree of the methodological compliance of register geodata with statistical survey data.

Measure – specific **indicators**

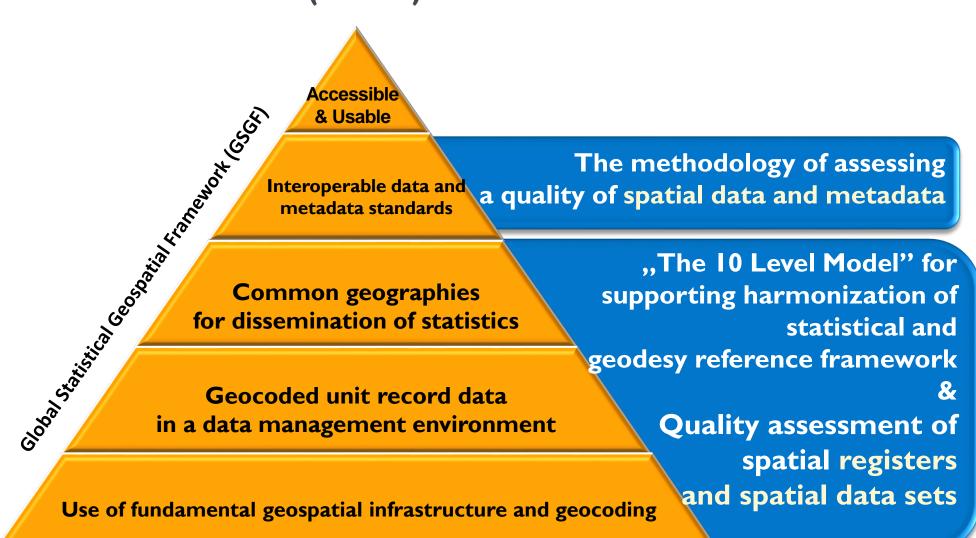
Assessing the quality of register data

Criterion	Indicator	
	Name	Value
Accuracy	Over-coverage – units outside the population	The percentage of units that do not belong to the population
	Under-coverage – missing population units	The percentage of missing population units
	Unjustified repetition of records regarding the same population unit	The percentage of repeated records
	Missing data for variables	The percentage of information characteristics for which values are missing
		The percentage of units for which values of specific information characteristics are missing
	Adjustment, imputation	The percentage of adjusted units
		The percentage of adjusted values
		The percentage of supplemented values
	Integration of data from various sources	The accurate matching – the percentage of matched units
		Integration errors – the percentage of inaccurately matched units
		No match – the percentage of non-matched units
Comparability	The degree of consistency of values of the key information characteristics from the register and the values obtained in the survey	Description

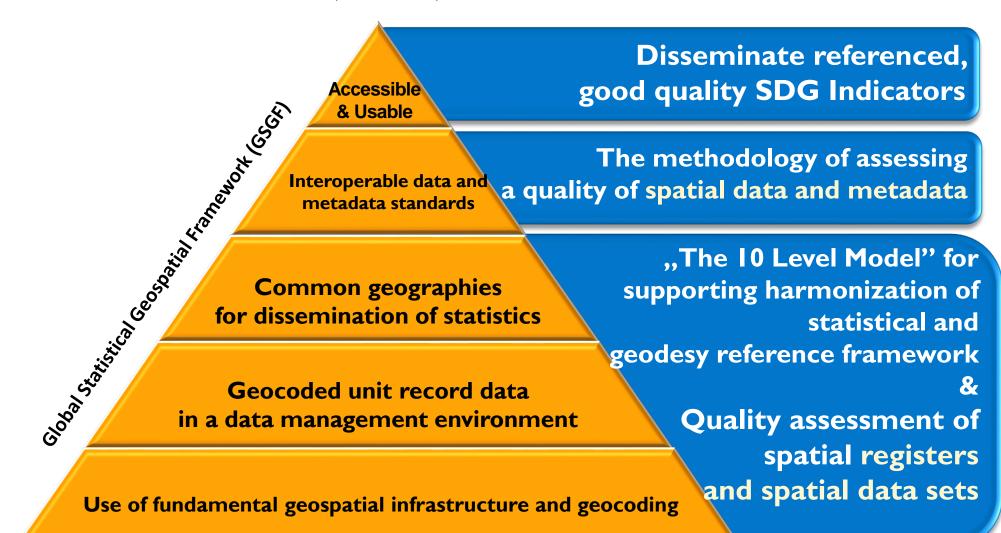
Implementation of "*The 10 level model*" & quality assessment of registers/spatial data sets into Global Statistical Geospatial Framework (GSGF)



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Thank you for your attention

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