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Expert Groups
1. United Nations Expert Group on the Integration of Statistical and Geospatial Information
2. The United Nations Expert Group on Land Administration and Management (UN-EG-LAM)

- Working Groups
 1. Global Geodetic Reference Frame
 2. Development of a Statement of Shared Principles for the Management of Geospatial Info
 3. Global Map for Sustainable Development (GM4SD)
 4. Trends in National Institutional Arrangements in Geospatial Information Management
 5. Geospatial Information and Services for Disasters (WG-Disasters)

Objectives of UN-EG-LAM

- Play a leading role at the policy level by raising political awareness and highlighting the importance to decision makers of the need for timely and fit for purpose land administration and management and;
- Encourage the use of geospatial information tools and systems to improve the legal certainty of all citizens in the world with respect to the registration of the relation between people and land.

















Rationale

- During the fifth Expert Meeting of UN-GGIM in 2015, the Committee of Experts endorsed the establishment of an Expert Group on Land Administration and Management (UN-EG-LAM).
- In order to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals and to have legal certainty for all citizens in the world, good geospatial information management and sound land administration are considered important prerequisites. It is believed that the momentum is right for the challenging but feasible ambition to have land rights for the world.
- This Expert Group fits within the global setting, global agenda and global initiatives, and can play an important role in facilitating the needed leadership. UN-GGIM can do this by coordinating the cooperation between the United Nations Member States, and to link to other global initiatives and organisations, including academia, NGO's and the private sector.

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Functions UN-GE-LAM

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- Provide a forum for coordination and dialogue among global experts from the land administration and geospatial communities with a view to advance the activities related to the administration and management, and strengthening the use of geospatial information for good land governance; Propose work plans, informed by broad global consultation, to address the main areas of focus identified by Member states while ensuring that there are no overlaps or duplication with other initiatives; Address governance, data management, institutional and technology adoption and sustainability issues related to the implementation and management of efficient land administration and management systems, and transparent, functioning land markets and; Undertake work that is able to contribute to the Sustainable Development Goals of the UN indicator process and other areas as
- Development Goals of the UN indicator process and other areas as appropriate including, access to land, property rights, ownership, land degradation, rapid urbanization, and climate change, in coordination with other expert entities.







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